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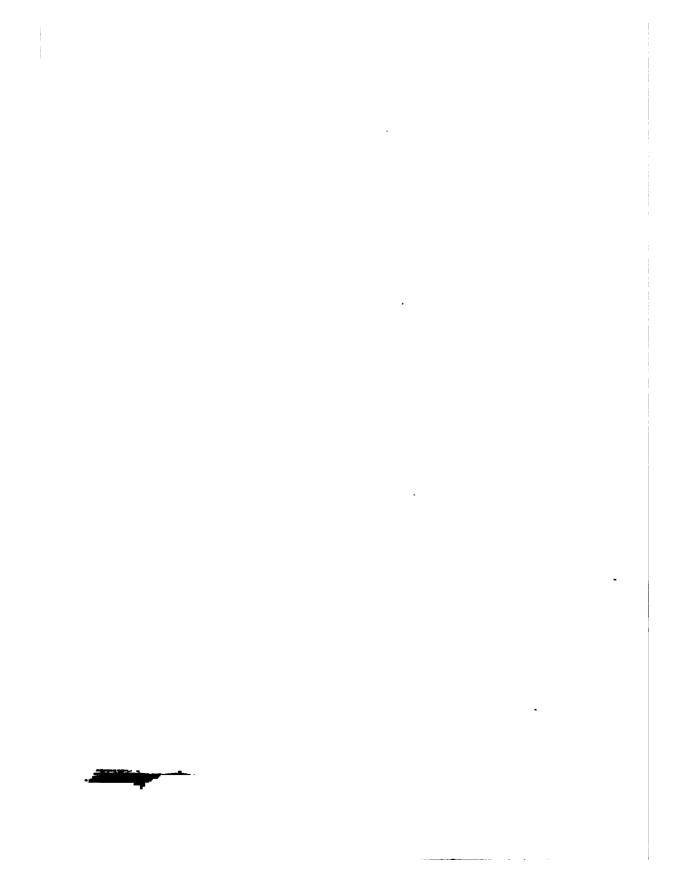


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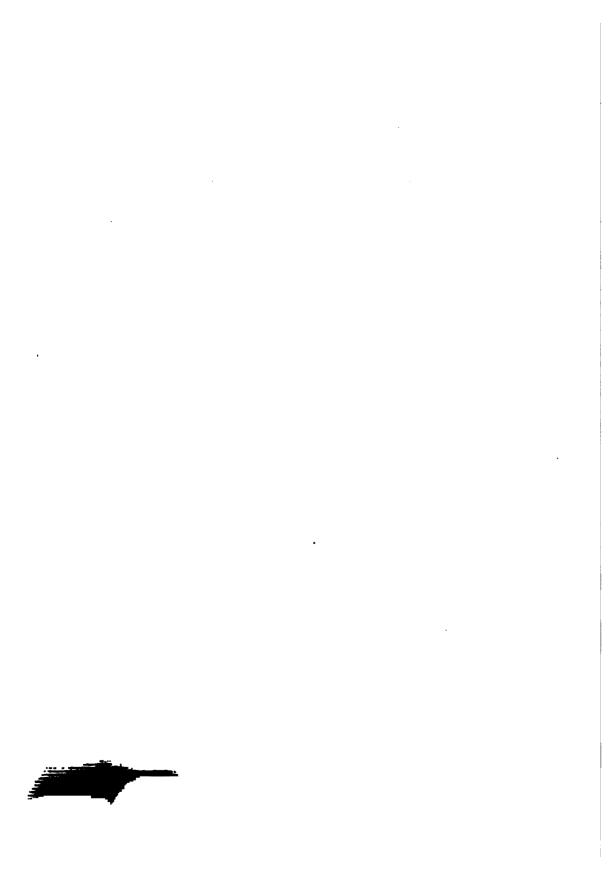
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THE COTSWOLD GAMES.

XVL

# ANNALIA D'U B R E N S I A

OR

# **CELEBRATION**

OF

# CAPTAIN ROBERT DOVER'S COTSWOLD GAMES.

EDITED, WITH INTRODUCTION AND NOTES AND ILLUSTRATIONS,

BY THE

REV. ALEXANDER B. GROSART, LL.D., St. George's, Blackburn, Lancashire.

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for Dover his Presontation

## INTRODUCTION.



S SHAKSPERE in his native Stratfordon-Avon was within easy distance of the Cotswold Hills in neighbouring Gloucestershire, it is of allowable 'Pleasures of Imagination' to think of him as going thither to witness frequently, if not to take part in, the "Sports and Pastimes" that from a

date anterior to his birth brought together great crowds from all the surrounding counties. More than this, in the late Rev. Richard Webster Huntley's posthumous Glossary of the Cotswold (Gloucestershire) Dialect (London: J. R. Smith. 1868), a local tradition is found, which we may do worse than read, and 'weigh' the use to which it is turned, as thus: "Nothing will need an apology which may tend to throw a light on any part of the life of Shakespeare. We will therefore, without further preface, offer the following matter, kindly supplied to us by a friend residing at Dursley. We may take it for granted that the tradition which states how the young poet fled before the enraged face of Sir Thomas Lucy, on account of some illegal intrusion in the knight's park in Warwickshire, is based on some fact. It is surmised that he sought shelter in Dursley, a small town seated on the edge of a wild woodland tract. Some passages in his writings show an intimate acquaintance with Dursley, and the names of its inhabitants. In the second part of Henry IV., act v, sc. I, "Gloucestershire," Davy says to Fustice Shallow - "I beseech you, sir, to countenance William Visor of Woncot, against Clement Parkes of the Hill." This Woncot, as Mr. Stevens, the commentator, supposes, in a note to another passage in the same play (act v, sc. 3), is Woodmancot, still pronounced by the common people "Womcot," a township in the parish of Dursley. It is also to be observed that in Shakespeare's time a family named Visor, the ancestors of the present family of Vizard of Dursley, resided and held property in Woodmancot. This township lies at the foot of Stinchcombe Hill, still emphatically called "The Hill" in that neighbourhood, on account of the magnificent view which it commands. On this hill is the site of a house wherein a family named "Purchase," or "Perkis," once lived, which seems to be identical with "Clement Parkes of the Hill." In addition to these coincidences, we must mention the fact that a family named Shakespeare formerly resided in Dursley, as appears by an ancient rate-book; which family still exist, as small freeholders, in the adjoining parish of Bagpath, and claim kindred with the poet. A physician, Dr. Barnett, lately residing in London, and who died at an advanced age, was in youth apprenticed at Dursley, and had a vivid remembrance of the tradition that Shakespeare once dwelt there; he affirmed, that losing his way in a ramble in the extensive woods which adjoin the town, he asked a person whom he met where he had been, and was told that the name of the spot which particularly attracted his attention was called "Shakespeare's walk." In the play, King Richard II., act ii, sc. 3, a description of Berkeley Castle is given, which is so exact that it is hardly possible to read it without considering it as if seen from Stinchcombe Hill. The scene is "A Wild Prospect in Gloucestershire." Bolingbroke and Northumberland enter; Bolingbroke opens the dialogue:

"How far is it, my lord, to Berkeley, now?

North. I am a stranger here in Gloucestershire;

These high wild hills and rough uneven ways

Draw out our miles and make them wearisome."

"But, I bethink me, what a weary way

From Ravenspurg to Cotswold will be found
In Ross and Willoughby wanting yobr company," &c.

Enter to them *Harry Percy*, whom *Northumberland* addresses:

"How far is it to Berkeley? and what stir Keeps good old York there, with his men of war? Hotspur. There stands the castle by yon tust of trees."

Now this is the exact picture of the castle as seen from "The Hill"; the castle having been, from time immemorial, shut in on one side, as viewed therefrom, by an ancient cluster of thick lofty trees. Lastly, we would add that down to the reign of Queen Anne the Cotswold range was an open tract of turf and sheep-walk, which extended up into Warwickshire, and was famous as a sporting ground, particularly for coursing the hare with greyhounds, throughout the whole extent. It was consequently well-known by the gentry of both counties; and this is evidenced by their pedigrees, wherein intermarriages between the houses of each county are frequently found. The portion of Shakspere's life which has always been involved in obscurity is the interval between his removal from Warwickshire and his arrival in London; and this period, we think, was probably spent in a retreat among his kindred at Dursley, in Gloucestershire." (pp. 22-3.) Needing 'sifting' no doubt, most of this; still worthy of the "New Shakspere Society's" spending an evening conversation over it, with perchance correspondence with any Warwickshire branch of the Society.\*

Besides these Gloucestershire bits generally, it is to be

On the "portion of Shakespeare's life which has always been involved in obscurity," even Mr. F. J. Furnival has shed no light: for his Leopold Shakspere (Cassell, 1877, 4to) reaches me as I write, and it opens at page xiii-xiv, "It is generally supposed, though without any sure ground, that Shakspere left Stratford in or about 1586. As we have no tidings of Chaucer for seven years, from his ransom for £16 from France in the spring of 1360, till 1367, so we have no tidings of Shakspere from the baptism of his twins in February 1585, till 1592, when he is successful enough as actor and author in London to be sneered at in Greene's posthumous Groatsworth of Wit." I hope myself to originate such a conversation as is above suggested, by contributing a little paper on certain local names that appear in Shakspere, and that have not received the attention they seem to deserve.

remembered that twice over Cotswold and its sports is introduced by Shakspere. First of all, in 2 Henry IV., Shallow mentions "Will Squele, a Cotswold man," as one of his four swinge bucklers. Then in the Merry Wives of Windsor (act i, sc. 1), Slender asks Page: "How does your fallow greyhound, sir? I heard say he was outrun on Cotsall." These references are of much interest. On the latter DYCE (Glossary, s. v.) says: "'Cotsol,' Cotswold Downs in Gloucestershire, celebrated for rural sports of all kinds: 'I heard say he was outrun on Cotsol,' ("This might refer to common coursing, and therefore does not at all affect the date of the play, which Warton endeavoured to fix from the establishment of *Dover's Games* on Cotswold. They were not founded till the reign of James I." Nares's Gloss.)" It would seem that DYCE accepted Nares' adverse criticism of Warton: but surely somewhat hastily. For the word 'outrun' suggests not 'common coursing', but the 'coursing' of the Cotswold Games wherein prizes were awarded for the fleetest hound or overtaking 'wat,' i.e., the hare, as were other prizes for other sports and games. Then as the Cotswold allusion is not in the 1602 quarto of the Merry Wives (nor indeed in its reprint of 1619), and is first given in the folio of 1623, it would appear that Shakspere mentioned it later in kindly remembrance of Dover and his patriotic efforts. JOSEPH HUNTER taking the "forty years" of the alleged continuance of the "Cotswold Games" literally carries them back to the reign of Elizabeth, or 1508.\* But the invariable

<sup>•</sup> New Illustrations of Shakespeare, vol. i, pp. 204-5. The late Sir Thomas E. Winnington possessed a MS. history of Broadway in Worcestershire, which contained an account of the sports practised on the Cotswold Hills, on the Thursday and Friday of Whitsun holiday week. This MS. expressly states that "they were instituted in the reign of James I. by Mr. Robert Dover, an attorney." After enumerating the "sports and games," the MS. continues, "They were carried on with great spirit in the reigns of Charles I, Charles II, William and Mary. In the reign of George III4 the fields were enclosed." (Notes and Queries, 3rd s., ix, 80.) Agreeing with this is Rudder in his History of Gloucestershire (1779.) "Even now," he says (1779), "there is something

testimony is that in so far as Dover was concerned, his revival was in king James's reign. I use the word 'revival' advisedly; for an Epigram of John Heywood (*Proverbs*, part i, c. i,) so early as 1546-56, informs us that then at least the "Cotswold Games" were celebrated:

"He fometh like a bore, the beast should seem bolde, For he is as fierce as a lyon of Cotswolde."

the "lyon of Cotswolde" having been one of the sportive assumptions by the youths, in 'games' involving mirth "fast and furious."\* It is clear, therefore, that Captain Dover was not the Founder of the "Cotswold Games," though he must have greatly extended them and widened the interest of gentle and simple in them.

The following is Anthony-à-Wood's chatty account of our book and the occasion of it, being one of his always welcome 'asides':

"I have a book in my study entit.—Annalia Dubrensia. Upon the yearly Celebration of Mr Rob. Dover's Olympic Games upon Cotswold Hills, &c. Lond. 1636. qu. [Bodl. Gough, Gloucester, 7.] This book, which hath the running title on every page, of Cotswold Games, consists of verses made by several hands on the said Annalia Dubrensia, but nothing of the Cotswold Muse of [Clement] Barksdale, relates to them, which some, that have only seen the title of it, think to be the same. The said games were begun, and continued at a certain time in the year for 40 years by one Rob. Dover an attorney of Barton on the Heath in Warwickshire, son of Joh. Dover of Norfolk, who being full of activity, and of a generous, free, and public spirit, did with leave from king Jam. I. select a place on Cotswold Hills in Gloucestershire, whereon those games should be acted. Endimion Porter, esq; a native of that county, and a servant to that king, a person also of a most generous spirit, did, to encourage Dover, give him some of the king's old cloaths, with a hat and feather and ruff, purposely to grace him and consequently the solemnity. Dover was constantly there in person, well mounted and accourred, and was the chief director and

to be seen of them every Thursday in Whitsun week, at a place about half a mile from Campden, called Dover's Hill." The scene of the "Cotswold Games" was finally ploughed up by order of Lord Harrowby, as during the five years Mickleton Tunnel was in progress a body of navvies had converted the gathering into a riotous and dangerous assemblage. See Rudder, pp. 24, 319, 691, and Bigland, vol. i, p. 279, and foot-note.

<sup>\*</sup> Hone notices this in his Introduction to Strutt's Sports and Pastimes, 1830: p. xxxvii. 1855.

manager of those games frequented by the nobility and gentry (some of whom came 60 miles to see them) even till the rascally rebellion was begun by the presbyterians, which gave a stop to their proceedings, and spoiled all that was generous or ingenious elsewhere. The verses in the said book called Annalia Dubrewia were composed by several poets, some of which were then the chiefest of the nation, as Mich. Drayton, esq; Tho. Randelph of Cambridge, Ben Johnson, Owen Feltham, gent. capt. Joh. Mennes, Shakerley Marmion, gent. Tho. Heywood, gent &c. Others of lesser note were Joh. Trussel, gent. who continued Sam. Daniel's History of England, Joh. Monson, esq; Feryman Rutter of Oriel coll. Will. Basse of Moreton near Thame in Oxfordshire, sometime a retainer to the lord Wenman of Thame Parke,\* Will. Denny, esq; &c. Before the said book of Annalis Dubrencis is a cut representing the games and sports, as men playing at cudgels, wrestling, leaping, pitching the bar, throwing the iron hammer, handling the pyke, leaping over the heads of men kneeling, standing upon their hands, &c. Also the dancing of women, men hunting and coursing the hare with bounds and grev-bounds, &c. with a castle built of boards on a hillock, with guns therein firing, and the picture of the great director eapt. Dover on horseback, riding from place to place. But all this being spoken by the by, let us proceed." . . . (Athems Onne., edn. Bliss, WIL IV. PD. 223-3.)

In addition to the little that Anthony-à-Wood tells us of the contributors to Annalia Dubrensia, I am glad that I can give something new from manuscript sources. Passing DRAYTON, THOMAS RANDAL, i.e., RANDOLPH, BEN JONSON, OWEN FELTHAM, WILLIAM BASSE, CAPTAIN MENNESE, i.e., CAPTAIN SIR JOHN MENNIS, SHACK. MARMYON and THOMAS HEYWOOD—all of whom are familiar names to the merest tyro in our early literature—I trust these Notes on others not commonly known will prove acceptable.

(a) JOHN TRYSSELL. He was of Billisley (co. Warwick), which is about ten or twelve miles, direct, from Dover's Hill. He was the author of "Raptus I Helene. The first Rape of faire Hellen. Done into a Poeme by I. T. (1595)." Greater honour

<sup>\* [</sup>Basse wrote some lines on the death of Shakespeare prefixed to the first folio edition of his plays, 1623, and since reprinted frequently. He was the author of several other poems, and, it would seem, meditated a collection of them in a printed volume, which has not been discovered. In Warton's Life and Remains of Bathurst, 8vo, 1761, is a poem by Dr. Bathurst, "to Mr. William Basse, upon the intended publication of his poems, Jan. 13, 1651."] Biss.

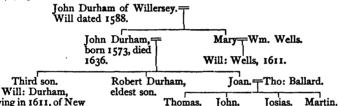
than even his (mis-ascribed) continuation of Daniel, he was the Editor of Robert Southwell's *Triumphs*, which he dedicated to the Sackvilles, adding an acrostic poem on Southwell and his book, and another (not acrostic) to the Reader.\* Anthony-à-Wood says of him, "sometime a Winchester scholar, afterwards a trader and alderman of that city." (Athenæ, vol. ii, p. 270, Bliss.)

### (b) WILLIAM DURHAM.

William Durham of Willersey,
co. Gloucester. Will dated 1626.

William Durham. Other sons.

### (c) JOHN DURHAM.



living in 1611, of New Inn Hall, Oxford, in 1626, then aged 15. He

1626, then aged 15. He was chaplain to William Lenthall, speaker to the House of Commons, died 1684.

Willersey is from two to three miles west from Dover's Hill.

(d) JOHN BALLARD. The Ballards were of Weston Subedge, only a mile from Dover's Hill, of Campden less than a mile, at which (latter) place, the chimes in the church were presented by one of the name, and of Pebworth, four miles northward from Dover's Hill. Anthony-à-Wood furnishes these details on our John Ballard — son of Edward Ballard of Weston-sub-Edge, Gloucestershire, was born in Oxford in the year 1612. He was educated at Free School in Campden, and from thence pro-

<sup>•</sup> See my edition of Southwell in Fuller Worthies' Library, pp. lxviii-ix, and onward on Trussell. Wood must be mistaken in assigning the continuation of Daniel to our John Trussell.

ceeded to Exeter College, Oxford, where he was matriculated as a gentleman's son December 2, 1631; B.A. February 13, 1613; B.M. November 28, 1635. He fixed himself as a physician at Weston and practised physic "with extraordinary success." He remarks, "all that I have yet seen of his is a copy of verses which he composed, when very young, on the Cotswold hills." He died at Oxford, May 3, 1678, and was buried in the chancel of Weston church. His Latin epitaph is given. (Athenæ, by Bliss, vol. iii, pp. 1179–80.)

### (e) FERRYMAN RUTTER.

Thomas Ferryman, Prebendary of Worcester, Domestic Chaplain to Bishop Nicholas Heath when Queen Elizabeth visited the Bishop's palace in 1575, Rector of Harvington, near Eavesham.

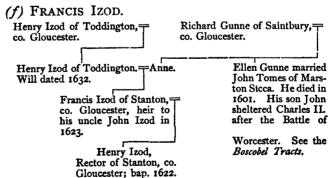
Ursula Ferriman. John Rutter, Rector of Dorsington, co. Gloucester, six or seven miles north of Dovers' Hill.

Ferryman Rutter, John Rutter.

Rector of Dorsington; bap. there in 1600; died 1668.

Ferryman Rutter, son of John Rutter, bap. at Clewe Prior, co. Worcester, in 1634.

John Rutter, rector of Dorsington, married Ursula Ferriman at Harvington in 1595, and our versifier was their son.



- Stanton is six miles south-west of Dover's Hill. (See Pedigree of the Visitation of the co. Gloucester in *Harleian MS*.)\*
- (g) ROBERT GRIFFIN. The Griffin family owned Bickmarsh, which is a hamlet of 1000 acres, in the parish of Welford, and adjoins both Dorsington and Pebworth. Lord Braybrooke is of this family. (See my Introduction to the *Fidessa* of Bartholomew Griffin in these Occasional Issues.)
- (h) WILLIAM COLE, JOHN COLE. These were sons of Dr. Cole, the Dean of Lincoln. The Cole family was of Enstone, Oxfordshire. They married into the Loggin family of Marston Sicca and Swalcliffe, co. Oxford, in 1704, when the latter became Loggin-Cole.
- (i) JOHN MONSON. Probably son of Sir William Monson, who left behind him a MS. "written with his own hand": "Megalopsychy; being a particular and exact Account of the last xvii years of Queen Elizabeth's Reign, both Military and Civil" (1585–1602)—not published till 1682, folio. The MS. was dedicated to his son, "John Monson." (Wood, s.n.)
- (j) WILLIAM BASSE. It may interest our readers to see the poem by Bathurst, referred to by Dr. Bliss in his note on Anthony-à-Wood quoted earlier. It is as follows:
- \* All Shakesperiana is welcome. Hence I find room for the following, in relation to above genealogical notes. Richard Gunne of Saintbury, co. Gloucester, married in 1539, Mary Horne of Aston-Sub-Edge. Their family—Joan, wife of Parrett—Richard (of Saintbury), married Anne, daughter of Robert Fullwood of Little Alne. Their family, Anne, wife of Henry Izod, father of Francis Izod; Ellen, wife of John Tomes. In Mr. Halliwell-Phillips' book on the Stratford-on-Avon Records is notice of a case between a Margaret Young and Jane or Joan Parrett, widow, respecting a fraudulent conversion of stolen or lost property, consisting of female attire, valued at 20% or 30%, the articles being of silk, satin, &c. It bears date 37 Elizabeth (1594). The goods, it would seem, were afterwards sold, and a note of the purchasers is at the bottom, in which is this, "Mr. Shaxpere one booke."

To Mr. W. Basse, upon the intended publication of his Poems, January 13. 1651.

ASSE, whose rich mine of wit we here behold
As porcelaine earth, more precious, 'cause more old;
Who like an aged oak so long hast stood,
And 'art religion now, as well as food:
Though thy grey Muse grew up with elder times,
And our deceased grandsires lisp'd thy rhymes;
Yet we can sing thee too, and make the bayes
Which deck thy brow, looke fresher with our praise.

Some poets, like fome fashions, only fitt One age or place; you to mankind have writt: Whose well-way'd fancy flyes an even pitch, And neither creeps, nor foares beyond our reach: Like some clear streame whose everlasting store Still fills it's bankes, and yet not drownes the shore. Art governs nature's bounty, and your feast Feares no cooke's palate, yet contents the guest. Others compose in verse, but you create, As earth bore it's first man at man's estate: And every rich conception you here show, You bad it be a poem, and 'twas fo; Not as hewn-out, but cast, and when it fell From you, at once was made, and was made well. Where wealth, like Guiana's gold, i' th' furface dwells, As the best kernels have the thinnest shells; Not lesse in worth, 'cause more attain'd with ease You can ev'n criticks without criticks please; Seen by your own light still, your vein so flowes, It yeelds good verse without the help of prose. Where a foft strength, and generous handsomnesse Shews like Achilles in his female dreffe: As polish'd steele, 'tis smooth, yet vigorous too; The riddle of the strong and sweet meanes you.

Go then fecure into the armes of fame;
Applause which others court is your just claime,
Go censure-proofe, (as when Apelles lay
Behind his worke listening what all would say,
The work stood yet unalter'd, and now more
We praise his modesty, than skill before)
That, when some greater names admired lye,
But let alone, men may read yours and buy.
Though these, your happy births, have silent past
More years than some abortive wits shall last;
He still writes new, who once so well hath sung:
That muse can ne'er be old, which ne'er was young.

The other names of the title-page have fallen into oblivion. I have spent utterly disproportionate pains in trying to recover something of them.\*

Of CAPTAIN ROBERT DOVER—the reviver and generous supporter of the "Cotswold Games"—in whose honour the Annalia Dubrensia was published, almost nothing supplementary to Anthony-à-Wood's little notice, has been discovered. Unfortunately, neither his birth-place nor birthdate in Norfolk have come down to us. The great folios of Blomefield have no notice of him, and mere scraps instead on later Dovers. He died at Stanway (now the property and summer-residence occasionally of the Earl of Wemyss) and was buried in the Parish Church, in 1641. So that the autograph in the Grenville copy is no doubt his.+ may also be regarded as an assurance that he himself edited the Annalia. The last glimpses of the family obtained are in the Visitation of Warwickshire, 1682, wherein we learn that Captain Dover's wife was a daughter of Dr. Cole, the Dean of Lincoln, and that a grandson, who was a barrister, produced to the heralds a shield of arms, with crest, motto, and even supporters, which he alleged had been assigned to his grandfather; an allegation which the heralds were slow to admit. The arms were a black, or probably a dark purple cinquefoil, on an ermine field, with a bugle-horn sable, stringed or, and the supporters were a hound and a horse (allusive to the games), both in silver; the motto, Do-EVER Good. (See K 3 in College of Arms, f. 117; Hunter, as before, vol. i, p. 205.) Further: Anthony-à-Wood informs us that there was a John Dover, son of Captain John Dover

<sup>\*</sup> I add these scraps (a) Wallington is a name at the present time between Stratford-on-Avon and Warwick; (b) Stratford was doubtless of the family of that name long resident at Farncomb, close to Broadway, and only two or three miles west of Dover's Hill: See Herald's Visitation, co. Gloucester, Harleian MSS., 1041, 1543, and 1191; (c) Poule was a name of Mickleton and Welford, and the family was intimately connected with the Rutters of Upper Quinton, near Mickleton and Dover's Hill.

<sup>†</sup> See it at head of this Introduction, done by Robert Langton of Manchester.

of Barton-on-the-heath [I intercalate that this Captain John Dover was son of our worthy, and was captain of the horse under Prince Rupert. Hunter, as before, vol. i, p. 205]. He became demy of Magdalen College in 1661, aged 15 years, departed without scholastical degree, became a barrister of Gray's Inn, lived at Banbury in Oxfordshire and practised his faculty, took holy orders about 1684, and became beneficed at Drayton near the said town, where, adds Wood, "he is resorted to by fanatical people." He wrote The Roman Generals, or the distressed Ladies, 1677, 4to; 'Tis a play written in heroic verse and dedicated to Robert, Lord Brook. He hath written one or two plays which are not yet printed; also The White Rose; or a word for the House of York, vindicating the Right of Succession, in a Letter from Scotland, 9 March, 1679. London, 1680. (Athenæ, vol. iv. p. 597.) I suspect good Anthony has mixed up two brothers' history here.

Captain Dover's own Lines, near the close of Annalia Dubrensia, confirm the general witness that he was a wholehearted, 'jovial' and right mirthful "old English gentleman, all of the olden time." Not less pleasing is the foot-note to the Lines in our Appendix: "He was bred an Attorney, who never try'd but two Causes, always made up the Difference" (p. 72). Without acquiescing in Anthony-à-Wood's acrid sentence on the "Presbyterians," perchance it may be allowed, that originally, and for some years, the revival of the "Cotswold Games" was a real service as against the over-gravity to sternness, of the elder Puritans. One thinks the kindlier of King James that he was the willing patron of the "Games." That they deteriorated on a subsequent revival is evidenced by a graphic account of them in Richard Graves's Spiritual Quixote (British Novelists, vol. xxxii.) whence I take chap. x, "Wildgoose's first harangue":

"They now approached the place of rendezvous, where the revel was held, which was a large plain on the Cotswold Hills. Their ears were saluted with a confused noise of drums, trumpets, and whistle pipes: not those martial sounds, however, which are heard on the field of battle, but such as those

harmless instruments emit, with which children amuse themselves in a country fair. There was a great number of swains in their holiday clothes, with their belts and silk handkerchiefs; and nymphs in straw hats and tawdry ribbands, flaunting, ogling, and coqueting in their rustic way, with as much alacrity, as any of the gay flutterers in the Mall.

"A ring was formed about the wrestlers and cudgel players, by the substantial farmers on their long-tailed steeds, and two or three forlorn coaches sauntring about with their vapourish possessors; who crept from their neighbouring seats—to contemplate the humours of these awkward rustics, and waste an hour of their tedious month in the country, where, as a great modern observes, Small matters serve for amusement.\*

"Wildgoose and his friend Jerry, making but a small figure in this humorous assembly, were at a loss how to draw the attention of the multitude. As they had made a dry breakfast, and had drunk nothing the whole day, Jerry asked his master, whether it were any sin, to call for a pint of ale at sich a time as this? So with Wildgoose's consent, they went to one of the booths, and were refreshing themselves with the aforesaid potation, when the company began to divide; and proclamation was made, that the holland shift, which was adorned with ribbands and displayed on a pole, was going to be run for, and six young women began to exhibit themselves before the whole assembly, in a dress hardly reconcileable to the rules of decency.

"Nice people have been observed to have the grossest ideas; and perhaps, such chaste men have the most unchaste conceptions of things. Be that as it will, Wildgoose no sooner perceived that mysterious veil of modesty, the holland smock, thus rudely exposed to view, and those young women prepared to engage in 'so loose a diversion,' than he perceived his wonted zeal revive; and mounting upon an inverted hamper near the booth, he beckoned to the mob, crying out

"For Christ's sake my Christian people, if you have any regard to the health of your souls, desist from these anti-christian, these more than paganish recreations, which are poison, and listen to my words!

"The people, seeing a man of tolerable appearance thus exalted above the crowd and preparing to harangue, began to stare, and to enquire of each other what he would be at! As they heard, imperfectly, the word health, and more words of a medicinal tendency, the prevailing opinion was, the mountebank was going to dispense his medicines, for the benefit of mankind; and Tugwell's wallet was supposed to contain the sovereign packet of the learned doctor. Mr. Wildgoose, however, soon undeceived them, by addressing the crowd in the apostolic style; though he had not yet acquired the true bon ton or gospel lingo of Mr. Whitfield and his associates.

"Men, brethren, fellow Christians! you are here assembled to keep holiday! that is to sacrifice to the devil; to perform the most agreeable service which you could possibly devise, to that enemy of mankind.

"This festival is called Whitsuntide, and was appointed to commemorate

the most solemn event recorded in the annals of our religion; namely the effusion of the Holy Spirit upon the primitive apostles. But instead of being filled with the Holy Spirit, as the Apostles were, you are filling yourselves with spirituous liquors and strong drink: with the spirits of Geneva, with English spirits, and foreign spirits, and what not.

"Oh! my brethren, consider what you are about: is this renouncing the devil and all his works? Is this despising the pomps and vanities of this wicked world? and resisting the sinful lusts of the flesh? The very purpose and intent of this ungodly meeting is directly opposite to your most solemn vow at your baptism. Instead of guarding yourselves against the attacks of your spiritual adversary, instead of bruising the head of that old serpent, the devil; you are breaking one another's heads with cudgels and quarter staffs: instead of wrestling against flesh and blood, you are wrestling with and supplanting one another. So far from renouncing the pomps and vanities of this wicked world, you are running for holland smocks, and making provision for the lusts of the flesh.

"Mr. Wildgoose was insensibly sliding into the nature of regeneration and the new birth; and was going to explain some of the most mysterious doctrines of Christianity to these unruly disciples, when a good orthodox publican, thinking his craft in danger, cried out, Odzauterdins! lift up the smock! come my maids! stand ready for the sport!

"He was seconded by a shrewd young carter, with a silk handkerchief about his neck, who could not but laugh at the familiarity of Wildgoose's comparisons, and thinking also that this harangue would spoil the diversion, which they were now intent upon, he threw a rind of orange at the orator's head. Another levelled a piece of horse-dung, with an unlucky dexterity, exactly into Tugwell's mouth as he stood listening with a conceited attention to his masters eloquence. Their example was followed by a great part of the company; who, as Jerry had foretold, began to bombard them so furiously with clods of dirt and horse-dung, that Mr. Wildgoose was soon forced to dismount from the top of his hamper: and one of them, tilting up the form on which Tugwell was exalted, laid him sprawling in the moisture occasioned by the staling of horses, or spilling of the liquor; where he lay wallowing for some time, being saluted with several bumps and jostles in contrary directions, which prevented him from emerging from the slippery soil.

"Tugwell who was a little disconcerted by the bad success of their first attempt, said that he did not doubt but God would bring everything about in his own good time; but, says he, perhaps the time is not yet come. And having a great desire, though he did not care to speak out, to return to his chimney corner, he said, suppose master, we were to go and try first what we can do with the men in the vale: and now, I doubt if there was anybody on Dover's Hill that knew us: for I did not see one soul of our town,\* and I know they are all busy in hay harvest; so that we might slip home again at night, and nobody be ever the wiser."

Bibliographically Annalia Dubrensia is of our rarest books, when complete. I know of only other three besides my own. Even the limited reprint of 1794 has fetched 12l. 10s. at a public sale, and other copies, Townley 3l. 3s., Nassau 2l. 11s. 6d., Thorpe 8l. 8s. The original quarto, at the Saunders' Sale (1818), brought 13l. 2s. 6d., and at the Bindley Sale (1818), 12l. 12s.\*

Our text is taken from the Grenville copy in the British Museum, albeit the transcript has been re-read with an exemplar subsequently acquired by myself in pristine condition, having rough edges throughout. The Grenville copy has the following printed presentation-inscription:

For the mych Honovred S<sup>r</sup> Thomas Trevor Knight one of the Barons of the Exchequer.

and below, in MS.:

Robr. Dover his Presentation.

The Sir Thomas Trevor of this 'Presentation' was youngest son of John Trevor, Esq., of Trevallyn, co. Denbigh, and born 6 July, 1586. He was of the Inner Temple, and Solicitor to Prince Charles. He was knighted 18th May, 1619; serjeant-at-law 8th April, 1625; and baron of the exchequer 12th May in the same year. He held this last post until the death of Charles I., when he declined the new commission offered him by the Commonwealth authorities. Thereafter he lived in retirement, dying 21st December, 1656. He was buried at Leamington Hastings, in Warwickshire.

For the excellent reproduction of the Frontispiece I am indebted to the courtesy of Sir WILLIAM CHAMBERS, who

<sup>•</sup> See W. Davis's Second Journey Round the Library of a Bibliomaniac, 1825, 8vo. The reprint is a creditable production. It runs page for page with the original, except in the Epistle Dedicatory, where there are two lines fewer on the first page. Occassionally the spelling is a little different, e.g., "Iubillee" for "Iubilee," "Friend" for "Freind," and "May each object of each several sence" for "every."

had it cut for the *Book of Days*. It is infinitely preferable to the 'improved' copper-plate of the reprint; for we want fidelity, not 'improvement.'

I do not know that there is any need for criticism of the Poems in Annalia Dubrensia. Those of DRAYTON. BEN JONSON, WASSE and RANDOLPH, have touches of "the Roman hand." It is evident that many of them were composed and given to Captain Dover long before 1636, e.g., John Trussell, who opens the collection, may have written his by 1600, if not earlier. For from a private deed it appears Thomas Trussell his son sold the family-property of Billersley in 1600. He would hardly have done so if his father (our Versifier) had been then living. Drayton again died in 1631, and so with others. The encomiums were doubtless laid past by Dover, and when they were accumulated sufficiently to make a volume, printed by himself. Ben Jonson's -en passant signed 'Johnson' not Jonson, as in Cunningham's edition of the Works - has either dropped a word in the first line or 'vies' is to be read as a dissyllable. A sapient correspondent of Notes and Queries, "T. W." writes as follows: "The first line of Ben Jonson's epigram [!] to his 'jovial good friend Dover,' ending with 'to drop vies,' is evidently un-grammatical. The word 'vies' is manifestly derived from the verb to 'vie', whereas Jonson introduces it as a noun; but poets, we all know, have great latitude extended to them. I am vain enough (although no poet) to suggest (agreeably to Mr. Bolton Corney's invitation) the following emendation, or rather substitution [ahem!]—as far as regards only thefirst two lines of the epigram in question. viz:

"The 'Cotswold' with the 'Olympic' vies,
In manly games and goodly exercise."

(3rd series, vol. ix, p. 185.)

The 'emendation' exactly reverses "Rare Ben's" intention. "Surly Ben"—so called—was genially ready with such laudatory verses to his contemporaries, in striking contrast

with Shakspere's reticence, save in "Love's Martyr." Thomas Randolph's I have collated with the text of his own Poems, thereby correcting very flagrant corruptions of wording and punctuation. Perhaps I ought not to have left the Cotswold 'um' for 'em' = them. Captain Mennis's is a gay little lilt. Thomas Heywood's summarizing Lines have a loveable ring. Most, spite of their grotesque hyperboles, vivify the "Cotswold Games" and old "Merry England" for us. I have only happened on two express allusions to the Dover "Cotswold Games." The first is in Brome's fovial Crewe, &c. (1651.) "Will you go up to the hill-top of sports, there, and merriments, Dover's Olimpicke, or the Cotswold games." The other, overlooked by Anthony-à-Wood, occurs in verses by Stratford, among the poems prefixed to Clement Barksdale's Nympha Libethris, 1651:

"If your Muse hither make her oft resorts, She'll be as much lov'd, as were Dover's sports."

Our reproduction, excepting the correction of errata (recorded in Notes and Illustrations) is, as usual, faithful to the original, even where a different punctuation had been better.

I cannot close this Introduction without expressing my hearty thanks to ROBERT F. TOMES, Esq., of Weston-on-Avon, for his notes on various of the contributors to the *Annalia Dubrensia*, and his interest in our little undertaking.

ALEXANDER B. GROSART.

St. George's Vestry, Blackburn, Lancashire.

NOTE.—At p. xv, the death-year of Captain Dover is given as 1641. It has hitherto been assigned to 1642. The following is the Parish Register entry:—"Anno Domini 1641. Robert the sonne of John Dover, Gent., buried the 6<sup>th</sup> of June." (Rev. A. Nettleship, M.A., Rector, to me.)

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|   | • |  |

# ANNALIA DVBRENSIA.

Vpon the yeerely celebration of M<sup>r.</sup> ROBERT DOVERS Olimpick Games vpon Cotfwold-Hills.

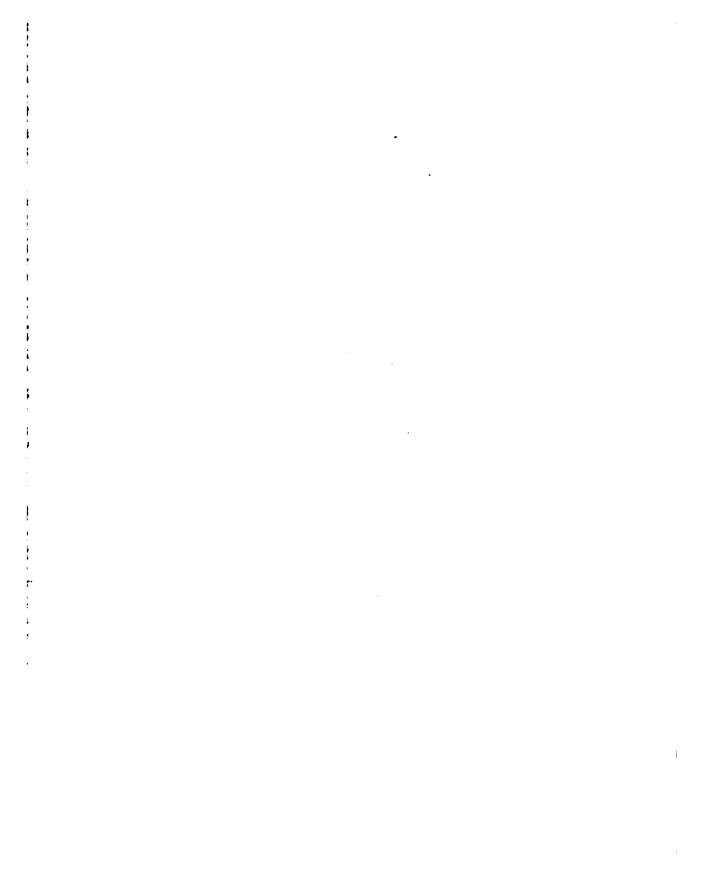
# Written by

| MICHAELL DRAYTON.     | Efq.   | IOHN TRVSSELL          | Gent. |
|-----------------------|--------|------------------------|-------|
| IOHN TRVSSELL.        | Gent.  | WILLIAM COLE.          | Gent. |
| WILLIAM DVRHAM. Oxon, |        | FERRIMAN RVTTER. Oxon. |       |
| WILLIAM DENNY         | Eſq.   | IOHN STRATFORD.        | Gent. |
| THOMAS RANDALL. Car   | at.    | Thomas Sanford.        | Gent  |
| Ben: Iohnson.         |        | ROBERT GRIFFIN.        | Gent. |
| IOHN DOVER.           | Gent,  | IOHN COLE.             | Gent. |
| OWEN FELTHAM.         | Gent.  | ROBERT DVRHAM. Oxon.   |       |
| Francis Izod.         | Gent,  | A SIRINX Oxon.         |       |
| NICHOLAS WALLINGTON   | r. Ox. | Iohn Monson.           | Eſq.  |
| IOHN BALLARD. Oxon.   |        | Walton Poole.          | Gent. |
| TIMOTHY OGLE.         | Gent.  | RICHARD WELLS. Oxon.   |       |
| WILLIAM AMBROSE. Ox   | on.    | WILLIAM FORTH.         | Eſq.  |
| WILLIAM BELLAS.       | Gent.  | SHACK: MARMYON.        | Gent. |
| THOMAS COLE. Oxon.    |        | R. N.                  |       |
| WILLIAM BASSE.        | Gent.  | Thomas Heywood.        | Gent. |
| CAPTAINE MENESE.      |        |                        |       |
|                       |        |                        |       |



Printed by Robert Raworth, for Mathewe Walbancke. 1636.







# To my worthy Friend M<sup>r.</sup> ROBERT DOVER.

WORTHY SIR.

F amongst so many noble Poetts I presume to play the Orator, blame me not, The incitements promting mee thereto, in any competent and indifferent Iudgment being excusable: First that their slying papers came so opportunely to my hand, which ha-

ving considerately perused (non obstante Dubrensi patrono) I thought worthy to bee published. Next since your owne modestie seemed somewhat adverse, to have those your deserved Encomions Impress, which in the hearts of all your Countrey-men, and others have tooke such deepe Impression: I held it more expedient to hazard the frowne of one by boldnesse, then the discontents of many by a timerous negligence. Lastly since those Quinquenalia, or Olimpick Games (celebrated every Fift yeere onely) begun by Hercules, and for many succeeding ages continued, by all the Semones, Heroes, and prime Princes of Greece, are now utterly abandoned, and their memorie almost extinguisht. Since you towhom I may not unpropperly give the denomination of an Hero of this our Age, have in these your Famous Annalia, or yeerely Celebrations, not onely revived the memory of the Former; But adorned these your Cotswald Hills with such Ovations and Tri-

# The Epiftle.

umphs, as may continue their memorie to all posteritie. (First craving your pardon) I commend my selfe to you for the present: And your Name (thus decored by your Friends) to Perpetuitie.

Yours alwayes,

Mat: Walbancke.

TO



# TO MY NOBLE Friend M<sup>r</sup> ROBERT

Dover, on his brave annuall Affemblies upon Cotfwold.



OVER, to doe thee Right, who will not striue, That dost in these dull yron Times revive The golden Ages glories; which poore Wee Had not so much as dream't on but for Thee? As those brave *Grecians* in their happy dayes,

On Mount Olympus to their Hercules
Ordain'd their games Olimpick, and so nam'd
Of that great Mountaine; for those pastimes fam'd:
Where then their able Youth, Leapt, Wrestled, Ran,
Threw the arm'd Dart; and honour'd was the Man
That was the Victor; In the Circute there
The nimble Rider, and skil'd Chariotere
Strove for the Garland; In those noble Times
There to their Harpes the Poets sang their Rimes;
That whilst Greece flourisht, and was onely then
Nurse of all Arts, and of all samous men:
Numbring their yeers, still their accounts they made,
Either from this or that Olimpiade.
So Dover, from these Games, by thee begun,
Wee'l reckon Ours, as time away doth run.

В

Wee'l

Wee'l have thy Statue in some Rocke cut out,
With brave Inscriptions garnished about;
And vnder written, Loe, this was the man,
DOVER, that first these noble Sports began.
Ladds of the Hills, and Lasses of the Vale,
In many a song, and many a merry Tale
Shall mention Thee; and having leave to play,
Vnto thy name shall make a Holy day.
The Cotswold Shepheards as their flocks they keepe,
To put off lazie drowsinesse and sleepe,
Shall sit to tell, and heare thy Story tould,
That night shall come ere they their flocks can fould.

Michaell Drayton.

# TO MY NOBLE FREIND M<sup>r.</sup>

Robert Dover, on his annual Affemblies upon Cot/wold.

NCE did I Vow, but who can all Vowes keepe? That my dull Muse eternally should sleepe, But now awaked, with the generall Fame: Of the revisement of the Olimpicke game Acted at Cotswold. She adventreth thus To pipe a note to Dovers, Genious.

Fame is the life of Action; for Report Makes good, or bad, each Action, every Sport: The Roman Lupercalia, well intended, At first were well applauded, more commended; But when that Fame said, Iudgements better eye Found, that the Gapp was made to libertie,

Thereby

Thereby to open, they were left, The merriment Of Christmas, Lords of Misrule, Fame saith spent At those times more in Hospitalitie, Then well conduced to Frugalitie, Now practif'd in this carefull thriving age. In which a Coach, a Foote-boy and a Page, Make up a great mans Check-rowle, is casheer'd: The countrie Wakes, and whirlings have appear'd Of late, like forraine pastimes: Carnivalls, Palme and Rush-bearing, harmlesse Whitson-ales, Running at Quintain May-games, generall Playes, By fome more nice, then wife, of latter dayes, Have in their Standings, Lectures, Excercises, Beene fo reprov'd, traduc'd, condemn'd for vices Profane and heathenish, that now few dare Set them a foote; The Hocktide pastimes, are Declin'd, if not diferted; so that now All Publike merriments, I know not how, Are question'd for their lawfulnesse; where by Societie grew ficke; was like to die. And had not Ioviall DOVER well invented A meanes whereby to have the same prevented, Love, Feafts, and friendly intercourfe had perrished, Which now, are kept alive by him, and cherished.

Goe on Brave Sparke, and flie a pitch above
The vulgar apprehension; let thy Love
To honest civill mirth, and Active Sport
Transcend comparison, make both Towne and Court
Admire thy invention, and applaud thy worke;
And let him like a Iew, and heathen Turke,
Bee bannish'd good Societie, that denies
To second thee in thy faire Enterprise.

B 2

And

And while, that sheepe have woole, or Sheepheards sheepe, Fame shall thine Actions in remembrance keepe: And after thou art dead, all England Over, From Westerne Totnes, unto Kentish Dover, Well-minded-jovialists shall tell the storie Of ROBERT DOVER'S never-dying Glorie, By whose sole industry, a Second Birth Is given to honest Pastime, harmlesse Mirth.

Iohn Trussell

# TO MY NOBLE FRIEND M<sup>r</sup>

Robert Dover, on his Dauncing Affembly vpon Cotfwold.

'RVDGE hence, yee tender Flocks, fome gloomy Must be this dayes refreshment, now remove Your felves ye must; your walkes must be resign'd Vnto a matchles troope of *Female* kinde Whose beauty, should the Flat-nose Satyres spie They would not live, but languish, and so die. Troy's lofty Towers, which once ore-topt the clouds, And menac'd heaven, Hellens beauty shrouds In Cinders: for his tender Heroes fake Leander cutts the Helles-ponticke Lake. Yet those to these, were tawny, ryvel'd, dun, Such as a glymiring Taper to the Sun. This Turret swells (mee thinkes) as prowd to bee The feate, or foote-stoole of that Company. And Æolus before hee will fet free The wynde his Tenant, fayes, now goe and flee Ore flowry-gardens, brush the verdant Meades And fweetest walkes, where fairest beauty treades:

Yea

Yea ranfacke natures Wardrope for perfumes, More pretious then the choyfest dame consumes. Then gently breath upon that lovely trayne. That are a tripping on the fallow playne. For now vnlesse my kallender doe lie, Since fayre *Dyana* and her companie, Did trace theife spacious plaines Bright *Phæbus* Carre Hath runne from Pisces, to the watry Starre: From thence to *Leo*, for tis just the day, That was appointed for to daunce and play. That day which to posterity shall shine In Almanackes, writ, with a Rubricke-line, In which dayes prayes, the Sifters that doe fing In pale Pyrene, and Heliconian Spring Doe drinke of: shall compose more witty layes Then ere were heard of in old Orpheus dayes. Their chiefe Musitians shall indite a storie, Which shall eternize this dayes, Founders glory. He's a fit subject for all Poets-quills That brings Arcadia to our Cotswold-hills. Me thinkes each Creatur's proud to spend his breath In vindicating this mans name from Death. The candid winds, as they these Downes fly over Whiftle the praise, of praise deserving *Dover*. Heauens winged Quiristers doe warble forth More pleasant notes, and celebrate his worth In fweetest Tunes, The till now Sullen Earth Hath deckt, her Breast, with flowers, fit for Mirth, Faine would shee vent, but cause shee cannot speake His praise, she weepes it, else her heart would breake, For where that Famous valley she ore-lookes, Runne drilling from her eyes, fweete filver brooks,

B 3

Which

9

Which when in progresse, they falute those plaines, Whose large increase, yeelds Wickham men great gaines, In honour of the place they Leape on high, And friske and dance for Ioy they are fo nigh; Each lumpish pibble-stone, they justle farre As who should say, bee frolick as wee are. Then they repine at their streight-lacing shore, Prohibiting their passage to his dore. And to declare that they obliged stand, In figne of homage, they falute the land: But when their haft, hath posted them from thence Where his *Tutelars*, keepe their residence. They butt against each Nooke, and as they swell, Look backe and cry, for ever, live, farewell. Then they to Avoan blazon out his worth, And shee to Severne, Severne setts it forth To Iss, who her fifter Thame implores: To tell the Ocean, and the Ocean roares It to the World. So that their is no ground Where his *Encomions Ecco*, doth not found The Bacchides, old Bacchus! made to thee, (Their red-nose pimple-faced deitie) Those feasts cal'd Orgia. And the Matrons chast To Ceres celebrate a Nine-dayes feast, Cald first-fruit Offerings: To the Queene of May Cal'd *Flora*, youth did make a Holy-day, Where Garlands deckt the Temples of the Queene, And maidens measur'd Galliards on the greene; Th' ensuing age wants Patrons to support Bacchus or Ceres Rites; or Flora's sport Till DOVER comes, who Flora, Queene of May, Doth re-install into her holy-day:

First

Hee flights the rest, 'tis sure, because they bee The grand Supporters of all Luxurie. First shall the tender Lambes with Tigers dwell, And fearefull Harts, shall lodge with Lions fell. First shall the glorious Starre-bestudded skie, Want light, and Neptunes regiment be drie; First shall the Courtiers leave their sweete imbraces, Ladies to plaster ore their furrow'd faces; First shee whose nastie breath offends her Love. Shall cease her mouth to sweeten with a Glove. First shall Nyctimene, that bird of night To flie at noone take pleasure and delight, Ere Cotswold Shipheards on their joynted Reeds Shall cease to sing, his Fame-deserving-deeds; VVho, from their Tombes, wherein they were inthral'd The ancient dauncing Druidies hath cal'd, VVhich from the VVoods did walke unto the Plaine, There dance a ligg, and fo returne againe. Let him that dares thy dancing-greene deface, Be plagu'd as well as Erificthon was, VVho cause he feld those Dancers sacred tree. VVas pinde with Famine, died in miserie.

The Rusticke Swaines shall henceforth take delight
To cheate the tedious cold December night
VVith such sweet Sonnets, as the Poets frame
In honor of thy, this daies worke, and name.
Yea, they themselves, so long shall sleepe in mirth
Making of Lambes-wooll on the VVinters hearth,
Vntill Auroraes snowe-white, limbes, they spie
Through nights blacke Courtaines, and the night to die.
Thus shall they daily sing, sit, hatch a laugh,
And to thy Health (brave Dover) freely quasse.

AN

William Durham, Oxon.

# AN ENCOMIASTICK TO HIS

worthy Freind Mr. ROBERT DOVER, on his Famous Annuall Affemblies at Cotswold.

IME long asleepe, is now awak'd by thee Fam'd Dover, who began'st the pedigree Of Cot/wold-sports, where each Olimpick game, Is parraleld and drawes, fresh breath from Fame. The Racer earst might tyre, his nimble foote, And in vnable stretches, outward shoote His lung-crackt-breath; the Wrastlers active catch, And tugging finews, often there did match; The pondrous Bowle (round Embleme of the VVorld) Strong Armes did throw; as Iove, when as he hurl'd Mountaines gainst Typhon, to whose massy fall The groaning Earth did give a Buriall. The warre-like Champion, with his powerfull fifts, Contended for the Prize, as in our lifts, Rebated Edges Counter buffe at Barriers, An Active sport to Breathe our bravest warriers. Then did the hurling Charriot plough thy Top Sky fall Olimpus, who didft feeme to prop The pendent heavens, Men fo ambitious were Of vertues glory, that where Sol shone cleere Sans Clowdes, on thee to gaine the prize, they made Each five yeeres, five dayes, an Olimpiade, VVhere whoso conquered, gain'd (besides renowne). An Olive Garland as his merrits Crowne.

Those

Those Pythean games which from fell Pythons death Slaine by Apollo, first obtain'd a breath: Came neere Olimpus Tryumphs, gave desert, A Laurell wreath, for acting best his part. And eke an Apple, by hands facred tane Out from Appolloes high adored Fane. There Poets were admir'd and had the prize Of worth, whose Muse towr'd neerest to the skies.

Nemæan sports, may them be plac'd next these Which first were kept by conquering *Hercules*: VVhen those fell Lyons o' th Nemæan wood, H'ad drown'd in Rivers of their out-let-blood. Each three yeeres Victor was with Smallage crown'd, VVhose pendant leaves, his head enshadow'd round. Those Isthmian games, which Theseus did begin, To swelling Neptune, with Pine circled in Victorious foreheads: Oh most famous Greece! That for brave Pastimes, wert earths Master-peece! Had not our English DOVER, thus out-done Thy foure games, with his Cotfwoldian one; VVhere Shepheards wel-tun'd-pipes with dauncing breath And trembling fingers, feeke a Laurell wreath, VVhile tripping Nymphes doe skip about the Hills. And in *Meanders* twyne, vale crowning *Rills* VVhile Sheepherdesses sing sweet Roundelaies, In honor of the Sport, and thought of Praise. Each Hunts-man there, with skill and hope brings forth His best bred *Doggs*, to shew their ablest worth: Acteon nere had fuch, fo true, fo fleet, Nor fo well mouth'd, as doe on Cotfwold meet. These better natur'd bee, as doth appeare: None kill their Masters, though that some bee Deare,

Then

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Then throwe they in their Couples, and one cry Of many Parkes do ring about the Skie. And eccho 'mongst the Hills, while the fear'd Hare, Nor leggs, nor lunges, nor labor best doth spare, T' out-stretch their fury. Then each Hunts-man calls Vnto his working dogges; at last downe falls The heart-broke Hare, and clanging hornes do found Victorious changes on Cotfwoldian ground. The Swallow-footed *Grey-hound* hath the prize, A filver studded Coller; who out-flies The rest in lightnings speed, who first comes by, His strayning copes-mates, with celeritie Turnes his affrighted game, then coates againe His forward Rivall, on the sencelesse plaine, And after Laborinthian turnes, surprise The game, whilst he, doth pant her Obsequies.

Then by and by, fwift racing Naggs contend Who first, shall message conquest to the end, Of their appointed course. At first begin All equall in their steps, and hope to win. And Fortune hides her favorite from the eye Of each beholder, and joy'd Ryder, by Some mile, till one, that fcorns rivalitie, Blushing at this so long Equallitie: Loofens his hard borne raynes, and then most cry, Proclaiming him the hope of Victory. The while a fecond, who no leffe aspires, Repells reports; and tells them they are lyars, By his out-going stretches. And a third Equalls the formost, having smartly spurr'd. The rest with these doe strive, till that they come Within a myle of their defir'd home.

Then

Then fome with fwitches, urge their utmost speed, And others fourr's are bath'd, in flanckes that bleed Out lazie dropps, and through the broached skin, Is then let out, what rest, erst gather'd in. Whiles one that feares his allmost finking horse, With fwitch and spurre, dooth labour on the course. Away, dame fortune bids the formost ride, Whose fleet-naggs heels, throw dust in scornful pride At those which follow, and doth quicke obey, His favo'ring mistris words, who speeds away, Bending his body as' if he did addresse, Vnto her words, his utmost thankfullnesse. Like halfe-shap'd centaures, all the rest do ride Not equalling, but envying the pride Of fortunes fore-man, who darts by the Post, Like flashing lightning: then those, that have Lost Both prize and glorie, after him do come, To magnifie his Tryumphe, too late home.

Amid'st these sports in hayrie cottages,
Contents best fare and welcome, all doth please,
While Homers Embleme, on his Harpe did play
Admired Raptures and sing many a lay,
More sull and sweet, then all the quire of May.
Ne're Cates so sawc'd that every dish doth please,
Yet these are so, and his songs more then these,
With seeming seeing, yet not seeing eyes
And smiling lipps, all eares, he extasses,
When as he sings, and class his judging eare,
Vnto his Harpe, on whose strings doe appeare,
His singers dauncing: at whose mirth the strings
Ore-joyed, doe eccho, to his voyce that sings.

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Happy

Happy yee Swaines, on whom fuch Fate doth fall, To make approache to *DOVERS* festivall, Compare your selves with th' old *Thesfalian* Swaines, Amidst their *Tempe*; or those charming plaines Of sweete *Arcadia's* Sheepheards, for your summe Of happinesse, out-vies *Elizium*.

In Cotfwolds Tents, are sports of all conditions, The studious game at Cheffe for Polititians
To hammer plotts, and Irish for probation
Of each mans vertue, how to master passion,
Cent for those Gentry, who their states have marr'd,
That Game besitts them, for they must discard.

Abroad to Iolly Shepheards, Bagg pipes play, Of whom some leape, some wrastle for the day, Some throw the Sledge, and others spurne the Barre, All act a part, which makes them fit for warre. For these most noble sports, posteritie Shall confecrate the living memorie Of worthy DOVER; Cotswold's off-spring Thame Shall fend forth Heraulds, to report thy Fame To stranger Nymphes, and Shepheards most remote, And as the on her Christall waves doth floate, Shall fing thy Praise; and even in Neptunes Court, Where all the nobleft floods doe make refort, Shall tell thy storie, and when there's no more To tell; greife-breaking waves on shelfes shall roare: VVhen thy name fades; Marble pillars shall Dust into nothing: Spaines Escuriall Shall bee forgotten; and those flocks and foulds Of faire fleec'd Sheepe, which beautifie the Woulds, Shall with those teares, showr'd from each Shepheards eye, Receive a Surfet, and so pineing die, William Denny.

AN

### AN EGLOGVE ON THE PALILIA

And Noble Affemblies revived on *Cotfwold Hills*, by M<sup>r.</sup> ROBERT DOVER.

COLLEN, THENOT.

Hat Clod-pates, Thenot, are our Brittish swaines!

How lubber-like they loll upon the Plaines!

No life, no spirit in um! Every Clowne,

Soone as hee layes his Hooke and Tarbox downe,

That ought to take his Reed, and chant his Layes,

Or nimblie run the windings of the Mase,

Now gets a Bush to roome himselfe, and sleepe:

Tis hard to know the Sheepheard from the sheepe.

And yet me-thinks our English pastures, bee

As flowery as the Lawnes of Arcadye,

Our Virgins blithe, as theirs; nor can proud Greece

Boast purer Aire, nor sheare a finer sleece.

The. Yet view their out-fide Collen, you would fay,
They have as much brawne in their necke, as they;
Faire Tempe braggs of lustie Armes, that swell
With able sinews, and might hurle as well
The weightie Sledge; their Leggs, and Thighs of bone,
Great as Colossus, yet their strengths are gone;
They looke like yonder man of wood, that stands
To bound the limits of the Parish lands:
Dost thou ken, Collen, what the cause might bee
Of such a dull, and generall Lethargie?

Col. Swaine! with their sports, their soules were tane away, Till then they all were active; every day

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They

They excercis'd to weild their limbes, that now Are numb'd to everything, but flaile, and Plowe. Early in May up got the Iolly route, Cal'd by the Larke, and spread the fields aboute: One, for to breath himselfe, would coursing bee From this same Beech, to yonder Mulberie; A fecond leapt, his supple nerves to trie, A third, was practicing his Melodie; This, a new ligg was footing: Others, were Busied at wrastling, or to throw the Barre; Ambitious which should beare the bell away. And kiffe the Nut-browne-Lady of the Maie: This stirr'd 'um up; a Iolly Swaine was hee, Whom Pegg and Susan, after victory, Crow'nd with a Garland they had made, befet With Dazies, Pincks, and many a Violet, Cow-flipp, and Gilliflowre; Rewards, though fmall, Encourage vertue; But if none at all Meete her, shee languisheth, and dies, as now, Where worth's denied the honour of a bough: And, Thenot, This the cause I read to bee. Of fuch a dull, and generall Lethargie. Then. Ill thrive the Lowt, that did their mirth gaine-fay, Wolves haunt his flocks, that tooke those sports away. Coll. Some melancholly Swaines, about have gone, To teach all Zeale, their owne Complection. Choler, they will admit, fometimes, I fee; But Fleagme, and Sangvine, no Religions bee; These teach that Dauncing is a Iezabell, And Barley-breake, the ready way to Hell; The Morrice, Idolls; Whitfon-ales can bee But profane Reliques, of a *Iubilee*:

Thefe

These in a Zeale, t' expresse how much they doe The Organs hate, have silenc'd Bagg-pipes too, And harmlesse May-poles; all are rail'd upon, As if they were the Towers of Babilon:

Some thinke not fit, there should be any sport I' the Country, Tis a dish proper to 'th Court; Mirth not becomes 'um, let the sawcie swaine Eate Beese, and Bacon, and goe sweate againe: Besides, what sport, can in their pastimes bee, When all, is but rediculous sopperie.

Thenot. Collen! I once the famous Spaine did see, A Nation glorious for her Gravitie; Yet there an hundred Knights, on warlike Steedes Did skirmish out a fight, arm'd but with Reeds; At which a Thousand Ladies Eies did gaze, Yet was no better, then our Prison base. What is the Barriers, but a Courtly way Of our more downe-right sport, the Cvdgell-play? Foote-ball with vs, may bee with them, Baloone, As they at Tilt, so wee att Quintain runne; And those old-pastimes relish best with mee, That have least Art, and most Simplicitye. Collen! They fay, at Court there is an Art To dance a Ladie's honor from her hart; Such wiles, poore Sheephards know not, all their fence Is dull to anything, but Innocence: The Country Lasse, although her Dance bee good, Stirs not another's Galliard in the Blood; And yet their sports by some contrould have bin, Who think there is no mirth, but what is Sin. O might I but their harmlesse Gambolls see! Restor'd unto an ancient Libertye,

Where

Where fpottlesse daliance traces ore the *Playnes*, And harmlesse *Nimphes*, jet it with harmlesse *Swaynes*. To see an age againe of Innocent Loves, Twine close as Vines, yet kisse, as chast as Doves. Me thinkes I could the *Thracian* Lyre have strung, Or tun'd my *Whistle*, to the *Mantuan* song.

Collen. Then tune thy Whistle Boy, and string thy Lyre, That age is come againe, thy brave desire Pan hath approv'd; Dauncing shall bee this yeare Holy, as is the motion of a Spheare.

Tenot. Collen! With sweeter breath Fame never blewe Her sacred Trump, if this good newes bee true?

Col. Know'st thou not Cotswold-hils. The. Through all the No finer Wooll runnes through the Spinster's hand. (land, But filly Collen, ill thou do'st devine; Can'st thou mistake a Bramble, for a Pine? Or thinke this Bush a Cedar? or suppose Yon Hamlet, where to sleepe each Sheapheard goes, In circuit, buildings, people, power, and name Equalls the Bow string'd by the silver Thame? As with thou maiest, their Sports, with ours compare, As the soft wooll of Lambes, with the Goat's haire.

Collen. Last Evening Lad, I met a noble Swayne,
That spurr'd his spright-sull Palfrey ore the playne:
His head with Ribbands crown'd, and deck't as gay,
As any Lasse, upon her Bridall day.
I thought (what easie faiths we Sheepheards prove?)
This, not the Bull, had been Europae's love.
I ask't the cause, they tould mee this was hee,
Whom this daye's Tryumph, crown'd with victory.
Many brave Steeds there were; some you should finde
So sleete, as they had bin sonnes of the winde.

Others

Others with hoofes fo fwifte, beate ore the race, As if some Engine shot 'um to the place. So many, and so well-wing'd Steeds there were, As all the broode of *Pegafus* had bin there: Rider and horse could not distinguish'd bee, Both seem'd conjoyn'd, a *Centaure's Progeny*. A numerous troupe they were, yet all so light, Earth never groan'd, nor felt 'um in their slight.

Such Royall pastimes Cotswold mountaines fill, When Gentle-swaines visit her glorious Hill: Where with such packs of Hounds, they hunting go, As Cyrus never woon'd his Bugle to; Whose noise is musicall, and with full cries, Beat's ore the Field's, and ecchoes through the skies. Orion hearing, wish'd to leave his Spheare, And call his Dogge from heaven, to sport it there. Watt, though he fled for life, yet joy'd withall, So brave a Dirge, sung forth his Funerall. Not Syrens sweetlier rill; Hares, as they slie Looke backe, as glad to listen, loth to die.

The. No doubt, but from this brave Heroicke fire, In the more noble hearts, sparkes of desire May warm the colder Boores, and emulous strife, Give the old mirth, and Innocence a new life; When thoughts of Fame, their quickned soules shall At ev'ry glaunce that shewes vm Cotswold Hill. (fill,

Coll. There Shepheard, there the folem-games bee Such as great Theseus or Alcides made. (plaide, Such as Apollo wishes hee had seene, And Iove desires, had his invention beene. The Neman and the Isthmian pastimes still, Though dead in Greece, survive on Cotswold Hill.

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Then. Oh happy hill! The gentle Graces nowe Shall tripp ore Thine, and leave Citheron's browe; Pernassus Clift shall sinke below his spring, And every Muse, shall on thy front'let sing; The Goddesses againe, in strife shall bee, And from mount *Ida*, make appeale to thee: Olympus pay thee homage; and in dread, The aged Alpes, shall bow his snowie head: Flora with all her store, thy Temples Crowne, Whose height shall reach the starres; gods looking downe. Shall bleffe the Incence, that thy flowers exhale, And make thee both a Mountaine, and a Vale. How many Ladies on thy Topp shall meete, And presse thy Tresses with their Od'rous feete! Whose Eyes, when wondring men see from afarre. They'le thinke thee heaven and each of them a starre. But gentle Collen fay, what god or man Fame wee for this great worke, Daphnis, or Pan? Coll. Daphnis is dead, and Pan hath broke his Reed, Tell all your Flocks 'tis Ioviall DOVER'S deede. Behold the Shepheards in their Ribbands goe, And shortly, all the Nimphes shall weare 'um too; Amaz'd to see such Glorie met together, Bleffe DOVER'S Pipe, whose musicke call'd 'um hither. Sport you, my Rams, at found of DOVER'S name; Bigg-bellied Ewes, make haft to bring a Lambe, For DOVERS fould; Goe maides, and Lillies get, To make him up a glorious Coronet.

Swaines keepe his Holy-day; and each man sweare To Saint him in the Shepheards Kalender.

Thomas Randall. Cant.

# AN EPIGRAM TO MY IOVIALL

Good Freind Mr. Robert Dover, on his great Instauration of his Hunting, and Dauncing At Cotswold.

Twixt Cotfwold, and the Olimpicke exercife:
But I can tell thee Dover, how thy Games
Renew the Glories of our bleffed Ieames;
How they doe keepe alive his memorie;
With the Glad Countrey, and Posteritie:
How they advance, true Love, and neighbourhood,
And doe both Church, and Common-wealth the good,
In spite of Hipocrites, who are the worst
Of Subjects; Let such envie, till they burst.

Ben Iohnson.

# TO HIS MVCH HONOVRED VNCLE

Mr. Robert Dover, on his Brave affemblies upon Cotswold.

Ome fellow Swaines, a while your flocks refigne
To the protection of great Pan devine;
And let them wander where they lift to straie,
Wee will unite them, when the glorious daie
Is turn'd to darknesse; and the welcome night
Comes to refresh each sad, and tired wight

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With

With pleasant sleepe, Encomions let us frame In his due praise, that each Olympick game Hath Paralel'd, and made our Hills the Scene Where all his manly Pastimes acted beene. Loe! where a cry of well-mouth'd-hounds; which passe Actaons kennell, worke upon the Grasse To catch the Hare, who flies through untract waves. For to prolong the period of her dayes: But 'tis her fate, to bee in pieces torne By those that follow, which refreshment scorne Till shee be dead, and all the Hunters come. With Hornes to fing, her Epicedium. See how the Swallow-footed *Grey-hounds* watch The starting of the Hare, and thinke to catch Her in their chapps, ere shee her leggs can finde, To scape their furie; but sh' out-goes the winde, And is perfude as fast, till want of breath Make her submit unto most certaine death. Loe! where the Racer mounted on a steed As fwift as Pegasus, or a fatall Reed Shot from a Scythians bow; expecteth when The fignall shall be giv'n, by certaine men Thereto appointed, that hee may begin His speedy race, and laboureth more to win The name of Victor, then hee doth the Castle Though made of Silver. There the young men wraftle, And throw the fledge, and spurne the heavy barre As did the Romanes in the field of warre. In the circumfrence of that pop'lous ring, Youths intermixt with maides, to memorie bring The dauncing of the auncient Druides; And *Nimphs*, the which, compared unto these,

Would

Would raife dirifion; They did rudely move; But these as truely, as the Spheares above. Noble restorer of th' Olympick Game Vnto its former honour; endlesse fame Shall crowne thy well-ment actions with applause. And keepe thee from Oblivions envi'de Iawes: And when to Calis; wee dry-shood may passe over Without a Barke, or ship, thy Praise (brave Dover) Shall be forgotten; or when Cotfwold lies As prostrate, as the Valies, to the skies, Fame with her Trumpe, hath fo proclaim'd thy Praise, That thou shalt nere forgotten bee, while Dayes And nights fucceede each other, for the Swaines Shall make thee Patron of their sheepe, and Plaines, In fleed of Pan: whereby thy name shall be Like *Ioves*, made happy with *Eternitie*.

Iohn Dover.

# TO THE GENEROVS AND NOBLY

Minded, Mr. Robert Dover, on his Heroick meetings at Cotfwold.

Vmmond by Fame (brave Dover) I can now Tell what it was, old Poets meant to show In the faign'd Stories of their Pegasus Muses and Mount, which they have left to vs. Nor neede wee wonder, such a flow of yeares Should rowle away, when yet, no light appeares Since Prophecyes; and Fates Pradictions

Come to be knowne, and are fulfill'd at once:

D 3

So

So Delphos spake and in, a mistick fould, Hid that at once, which acted was and tould, What then was Tip'd by Pegasus? But that Proud troupe of fiery Courfers, mustred at Thy Cotswold? Where like rapid Spheares they hurl'd, Straine for a Salt, the feafoning of the world. Then the Sagatious hound, at losses mute Alone, shewes Natures Logick in pursuite: But at thy other meeting, hee is blinde That cannot, Mules and their musicke finde, Shewing that pleasure, would be cold, and dye Without converse, and noble harmony, The Ladyes Mules are; there may you chuse A Patronesse, each Mistris, is a Muse. Nor does Apolloes harpe ere found more high, Then when tis vigor'd from a Ladies eye. Now to compleat the storie. I do see How future times will learne to Title thee. THAT YOVTH APOLLO: So mount Helicon Will Cotswold prove; which shall be fain'd alone: And facred all, unto thy happie name, That long shall dwell in the faire voice of Fame: For great thou must be, and as first have prize, Or elfe, as th' exit of old Propheses.

26

Sic allusit Ow: Feltham.

TO



# TO HIS NOBLE FREIND Mr.

Robert Dover, upon his brave Cotswold solemnities and the Inscriptions on the same.

#### HONORI PERPETVO.

Acts, More happy farr, in that those much renown'd Facts. Of his stand on record; immortalized still, By sacred accent of that sweet Meonian quill, Great Alexander reades, and is with envie blowne, That such another was not lest to blaze his owne. Ben: Iohnsons sullen Muse (brave Dover) much envies To vie thy sports, with that Olimpicke Excercise: Nor do I strive to match thee, and thy gentle Swaines Gainst Pelius warlike son, and his couragious traines, Much lesse to ballance there, our fertile English wits, With th' other Grecians, rare poetique, rapting sits. Yet questionlesse tis true, that herein ours excell, Cause sain'd actions he, they do truths story tell.

Nor should I flatter thee, if I chance thus proceed Fam'd Allexanders hap was great, thine doth exceed: For he (though's cheifest vote) one Poet could not have Alive, and therefore tooke dead Homer to his grave. But thy blythe Genius doth dull spirits so awake, That all our Island streight turne Poets for thy sake, Each striving for to set a Laurell on thy head, Whose tresses fresh and greene shall live, when thou art dead. Drayton in marble rocke, inditeth forth thy story, And sayes, thou hast reviv'd the golden-ages glory. Tis needlesse to guild gold, and yet he doth the same Whil'st he enamells thy sport, by th' Olimpicke game.

Denny

Denny unwinds the Clew of Antique-time againe, And of the ages past, unreeles the snarled skaine; Shewes by substraction, thou contrived hast int' one, Fowre famous Grecian-games, nav all of them outgone. Twenty pretty reasons Tom: Randall doth assigne, To fre from obloquie, those frollicke sports of thine: Prov's that they fmoothly fayle on the full tide of pleafures And yet not treading forth, finnes guilefull mazi-measures. But into fierie zeale, firme reason will not enter, And therefore Truffell doth more boldly make adventure, To ftop those itching mouthes, and feales it with a cursse; Denouncing him a Hethen, Iew, or Turke, or worfe, That gainst thy harmlesse sports, do heedlesse clamors raise Nay that them feconds not, & crownes thy head with Bayes Now this forc'd Durham leape t' ymp feathers on thy fame, From Severne vnt' Iss, from Iss unto Thame Vnto the *Ocean* thence, and that with rapting found, Makes Columns of the earth to dance with him this round. Thy nephew DOVER, rapt on th' Egle wings of love, With mounting Eagle layes his egge, ith' lap of Iove. This prov's a finging bird, and away flutters shee, To chirp thy actions forth, and to eternize thee. Feltham these doubts, which doubtlesse might have task'd The Druvd's and Gymnosophists, had they bin ask'd; Disolves those Gordian knots, and easily he viewes; The riddle of that horse with wings, of mount, of muse, Are not Chimæraes fond, fained, and lying fixions, But of thy Cot/wold-games, reall, and true predictions. Thy greatnesse doth presage, and with's prophetique quill: The Mules accesse shewes unto our Cotswold Hill. (check't, Which should nere force my Creed, had I not bin thus And taught thus much strang cause by this more strang efect.

For I that (trust me) ne're climb'd up Parnassus mount, Nor ever fuck't one drop from the Pierian fount. Passing by chance one day nigh Douers Castles walles; Strangely into my braines a Poets-fury falls (could mowe Whence straightway there (me thought) my lay-mans Sythe As full and faire a cropp, as in Fames-field doth growe. I could thy pastimes all, deliver with much ease In verse, and such verse too, as best witts needs must please. Tell of thy hounds quick fent, and grey hounds quicker paces Watts cunning doubles, and her double cunning mazes, I could with ease thy horle, and horse-men, easly throw, As fwift as thought, more fwift then shafts fro Russian bow. These wedded in one cause, by a well order'd skill, Post, so thy *Post*, as with one body, so one will. I could in colours fet the Roses glorious stammell, The flowre D'luces rare, and dainty various ammell, Th' odiferous Bafill, nay calculate the birth, Of all those gorgeous hearbs, that richly diaper the earth. All which attir'd in their fresh and best arraie, With cleere Aurora, helpe to usher Dovers day. But question it who dares, yet doubtlesse prudent nature, In fairely portraying forth of various formes and stature: From out her curious shoppe, nere formed such a feature, As is the earth's folace, and the heavens fweetest creature. Woman, the fair'st of which, that day, attends thy will; And might observance have from this, my new found skill. But that prevented heere by a precedent pen, I'me loth in publique, to turne o're her leafe agen; Yet when she list command, for her more choyce delighting Ile give her one fweete touch (which she may put in) writing But fure her presence had, at present strooke me mute, Had not the warbling stringes of a well tun'd Lute,

E Which

Which retrograds the heavens, nigh mov's the earth to prance And at fame inftant makes our frolick Nimphs to daunce; Charm'd my attention first, and then conjur'd my tongue To beare some one small part in *Dovers* glorious song: But prettie chirping throats of little winged Quiers, Which sweetly Eccho, on the next adjoyning Bryers, The Violls milder notes, and Cornets shriller noise, To which the Bagg-pipes sound, and Tabours, are but toyes, And witty Tickling tunes, with others 'fore me prattle, Have drowned my weake voice, and make it seeme but tattle: Therefore my Sonnett I will period; and so end, Whispring a word or two in private to my friend.

Achilles name had bin interr'd with him (Brave Dover)
Had not queint Homers muse, so queintly nam'd it over,
And thou pechanc (sweet sir!) should'st have outliv'd thy sam
Had'st thou not chanc'd to find these trumpets for the same,
Fell Envie might have nip't it, had not they, who can
Severely sensure too, as well as praise a man,
Extolled thee; but now, seare not austerer eyes,
Since such have giv'n applause to this thine enterprize,
Whose words those monuments of Fame on thee can raise,
That none can censure give, when they doe once but praise;
I'le leave no coment, yet I adde this to their Text,
Flatt'ry is gone beyond, and slander wants pretext.

ex tempore & ex animo

Francis Izod.

TO

#### TO THE GREAT INVENTOR AND CHAM-

pion of the English Olympicks, Pythycks, Nemicks, Ishmicks; the great Architect, and Ingineere of the Famous, and admirable Portable Fabricke of DOVER CASTLE, her Ordnance and Artillery, a trve voice of Himselse, his Games, Mirth, Fortification.

OVER! Brave witts have fram'd an Imagerie Of thee, thy games, sports, plays, and Chivalrie, And in their Rimes doe wondroufly excell, Making thine auncient feates to paralell Thee, the inventor; and have cast it soe. As if this Image did the first out-goe. Which when I heard, my Muse it caus'd to raise, And bring her mite, to fortefie thy praise: Thinke not to heare thy worth fet forth by mee, That art a Ballad for Eternitie; And may'ft a myrhor of all Lawyers bee In thy Profession, for thine honestie: It is a wonder! that I nere could fee That creature yet, that ere spake ill of thee: The best are glad to gaine thy companie, And doe refort thy house most frequently: Did not great *love* the cave of *Ida* grace, And it for ever make of Fame a place By his discent: Wickham had never bin A Towne for Gods on Earth t'have lodged in, Had'st thou not eterniz'd it as thy bower, And made it ghestly for so great a power:

Thy

E 2

Thy equalls thinke it great felicitie, When they but dreame of thy focietie; Inferiours, like a God doe thee adore; Poore wretches, thine affiftance doe implore: No young, no old, nor virgin, maid, or boy, But doth at fight of *DOVER*, gather joy. His mirth, his games, hie engines, pleasing bee To every fort of men, age, fex, degree. Diana with her Nimphs did bleffe his birth, His Mother, daughter was to Goddesse Mirth, Who did him fwaddle in her Lillie fmocke. And Queene of Fayries made his cradle rocke; King Oberon did him dandle in his armes, Pug fang By-Babie, with delightfull charmes; His Nurse did breed him in god Ludus Court, And made him Paragon of every fport, To rowfe the World, which drooping did begin, Vntill hee fet it on a merrie pin. The Birds doe chirpe fweet fongs, both nights and dayes, To give Invention to the Roundelaies. I thinke the Piles of graffe in time will daunce, As all the horses, at his hunting praunce, A jade will mount, and reare, and leape, and neighe, As if he were worth Twenty pounds that daie: The heav'ns too's fports, doe feeme to give confent And stopp the cloudes, to crowne his merriment; For if with Thundrings, and with raine, the Aire Hath all the weeke beene mov'd, that day proves faire. Hee hath a power to fit all things that bee, And make them tuneable for melodie. What Ingineere, or cunning Architect

I've

A Fabricke of fuch pompe did ere erect?

I've heard men talk, of Castles in the aire. Inchanted Cells, Towers, Pageants most faire. Fortifications, Trophies, Theaters, Laborinths, Puppet-workes, strange Meteores, Of those that have their substance wholie spent, To shew their *Puppets* dauncing with content: Of Egypts Pharoes stately glasen-Tower, Built by King Ptolomies art, magick power. Of Cheops, Pyramids; of Rhodes Colosse, Of Ioves Olympick golden Ivorie Boffe: These to thy samous workes compar'd, will bee Of fmall account; like them in no degree: The walls of *Babilon* are not built like this, The World's great wonder too't, no wonder is. If any fiedge unto this Castle lay, Hee doth from thence, it prefently convey: A wonder 'tis, to see a Fort to stand, And be transported fuddainely by land; No Forraigne might, though of great agilitie, To take this Fort is of abilitie. DOVER, strange Monarchs, and their force despiseth, Hee bowes to none, his CHARLES hee onely prizeth; Hee is Invincible to all, but one; To's King hee yeelds, or elfe hee yeelds to none. For's Fealtie, when all forts are disbarr'd Of Battlements, of Gunnes, and Bulwarkes marr'd, His Castle CHARLES gives free fruition Of Powder, Ordnance, all Munition: Who durst assemble such a Troope as hee. But might of Infurrection charged bee; His Souldiers, though they every one discent, In mindes, in manners, yet his Merriment

Ones

E 3

Onesthem: Lords, Knights, Swaines, Shepheards, Churles agree, To crowne his sports, Discords make Harmony.

Th' Olimpicks first invented by great Iove:
When with the Titans, combating hee strove
For victory, and got it. Or by Hercules,
When he had vanquish't Auges king of Elis.
The Pythean, Neman, Ishman, all Greek-games,
Trojan or Roman, all have lost their names.
Or else obscurely lurked till thy age,
And sled to Cotswold, for new patronage:
Whose Iove thou art, Gytonik-Hercules,
Wiconick-Prestes, Broadwaick-Scyastes.
And if more gods of games Inventors bee:
Thou shalt contend with them for masterie.
And what thou'ast done when thou art dead & rotten,
Shall out-last theirs, and never bee forgotten.

When sports are ended, then appeare doe free Tokens of DOVERS liberallitie, His roome will Zerxes Armie all containe, His Tables nere are fill'd with guests, the plaine So ample is, so fraught and full of store, To take ten thousand times as many more. His drinke from Wickham, reacheth to the Hill, Runns night and day, carrouse may all their fill. This Nectar never fayles, no god need doubt: Of upper fittings, it to quaffe about. Hee spares no cost, this also doth affoorde To those that sit at any lower boorde. None ever hungry from these games come home, Or ere made plaint of viands, or of roome: Hee all the rancke at night, fo brave dismisses, With Ribbands of his favour, and with bliffes.

If thou'lt vouchsafe, a Ribband give to mee, Ile tak't, as largesse, for my *Poesse*.

NICHOLAVS WALLINGTON.

### AN ENCOMIASTICKE TO THE

Noble minded Gentleman, his honored friend, Mr. ROBERT DOVER.

Y humble Muse her fainting winges would raise, To fing the storie of thy games and praise: But she distrusts her strength, and seares she might With downy plumes, attempt to high a flight. The Cotswold sports, are taske and subject fitt For highest raptures of a *Heaven-borne* witt: Whose choycer spirits Phæbus selfe inspires, With purest flames, of true Promethean fires. And fuch these sports, have found, ev'n such whose veine Contemns the basenesse of an humble straine: Invited by the generall voyce of Fame, Have blaz'd the honour of brave DOVERS name. And with smooth pencill, of their various Art, So to the life have drawne, and limb'd each part: That my unpollish't lines might soone deface, Their master-peice, and rob them of due grace. But may I then be mute? can this excuse? The rugged *Poem* of an Art-lesse *Muse*? It may, fith that to Royalize thy glory: The world turnes *Chronicle*, and speakes a story, That when thy better part affends the skie, Shall shine example to posteritie.

Fam'd

Fam'd *Dover* still a fresh applause shall gaine
In ev'ry age, and life from death obtaine.
Some willing *Genius*, shall thy *Manes* beare
To heaven, and fix them in some higher *Spheare*.
To which they shall add lustre, influence,
And what's more glorious; each intelligence
Prow'd of that noble object they espy,
Shall tune their Orbs', to a new harmony.
Thus shall the world in spight of death and Fate:
Sing *Cotswold-games*, an ever-living Date.

Iohn Ballard Oxon

# ON HIS VNPARALELD AND MVCH HOnored freind Mr. Robert Dover. Achrofticon.

R enounce me Muses if all Greece can bring

O ne Lireck worthy, Dovers Acts to fing,

B linde Homer dead, whose Rapture, as 't appeares

E terniz'd merrit, to a world of yeares.

R epose your toyling Witts then; who would raise

T rophies of endlesse Fame, unto his Praise-

D eferving Honor; which with Glory shall

O utlast Times-age, and the Worlds funerall:

V nlesse in your Encomions yee confesse,

E ach line yee write detract, each word no lesse,

R ecording Dovers matchlesse worthinesse.

Anagr: Mr. More du'or better Arts. I'me sure then mine, Rob. Dover. Must raise his Praise, worths onely Magazine.

ROBERTVS DOVERUS.

Anagramma:

DO ROBVR ET VERSVS. Sic ingenuè confitetur. To whose blest name, by some Devine Instinct, Timotheus Ogle. The Strength and Life of Poesie is Linck't.

TO

#### TO THE WORTHY GENTLEMAN

and his constant true freind, Mr. Robert Dover, on his brave assemblies upon Cotswold.

Orld of Conceipts, thou magazine of sport,
Quintessence of Witt, without whom all amort,
Flat lies the world, Thou natures Symmetrie:
Cabinet of mirth, Desires Sympathy.

Sol entertaining Thetis, never gave
More fatisfying Solace, then they have
At thy brave Race, invented by thy skill
(Heroick Dover) upon Cotswold Hill.

Would heavens delight in any worldly sport, Or *Iove* inhabite any earthly Fort. On *Cotswold-hills*, all day repast they might: In *Dover-Castle*, take repose all night.

Pan may goe pipe in barren Malverne-chace, The Fawnes and Satyres seeke some other place. Cotswold is now th' Epitomie of mirth: And joy presaged erst, is come to birth.

Olimpicke, Isthmicke, all Yee Pythicke playes, Resigne your right, let all Arcadia praise One Cotswold, and preferre, by many odds Dover, before your seigned merry gods.

Tempe's a Toy, and what's *Elizium?*To *Cotfwold* now, a very *Barathrum*.
Summon the world, exenterate old stories:
They must vaile Bonnet unto *Dover's* glories.

Heavens Canonize your Saints. Earth will invent A better Tombe, then ever *Mecha* ment To *Mahomet*, of Pearle and Adamant: Materialls of a richer worth they want.

Earth's fabrick be, *Egipts* Pyramids, On them *Maufolus* Tombe up to the skies: To beare his body, till *Iove* deifie His purer parts, with an eternitie.

This Epitaph his Noble *Vrne* shall cover, COTSWOLDS ETERNIZER, ROBERT DOVER. Whose Anagram by after ages read, Ecchoes his Fame thus: O most rare! True bred.

MASTER ROBERT DOVER.

Anagram.

O most rare! True-Bred.

William Ambrose.

# TO THE HEROICK AND GENE-

rous minded Gentleman, Mr. Robert Dover, on his yearely affemblies upon COTSWOLD.

Raw forth the vivall substance of your spring, You Sisters nine, and tune your notes to sing Some brave Encomions, truely to discover, The well deserved praise, of worthy DOVER.

Make him to live in spight of Time and Death;
So long, as any mortalls draw their breath.

That

That after ages hearing of the merrit, And true defert, of Dovers matchlesse spirit; May loofe their fences, in the winding Maze Of Admiration, when they heare his praise. Those Cotswold-Hills, from whence his same doth rise Above the clowdes, up to the starrie skies; Shall be with old *Olipmus* paralleld. (Which for brave fport was never yet excel'd) For Dover now, on Cotswold doth revive, Each yeare those games, which were but once in five. One fain'd Olimbus, why then should we feare These Cotswold, to th' Olimpicke games compare? For after ages will fo well improve it, That it may be compar'd, nay fam'd above it. Then shall the *Cotswold* Shepheards roundelays, Be onely fram'd, to chaunt the Authors praise. And never shall brave Dovers glorie die: So long, as Poets write a Poefie.

William Bellas.

# TO HIS MVCH RESPECTED

Vncle Mr. Robert Dover.

Ov'd Vncle I could praise you, but I knowe
Detraction will be ready to undoe,
And ravell out my skaines, ere they can well
Bee strech't upon the Loome: else I could tell
As others doe, how you renew the storie,
Of the Olimpicke games, adding fresh glorie
Not to the Victor; but each severall Vrne,
That but entom'd the dust of him, durst spurne

F 2

Olimpick

Olympick dust; But Ile not vrge your Meed: In mee, it would be thought for to proceed Not out of Iudgement, but affection, Or something that I dream't not on; But I will love, and cherish their thank't paines, That to eternize you with powerfull straines, Have drench't them in the Heleconian Spring, Thence sor'd alost, mounted on Fam's bright wing, And hovering over Cotswold, tun'd their Laies With all sweet Harmony, to chant your praise; That I were worthy to assist these Swaines! But Ile looke on, and Iustifie their paines.

Thomas Cole. Oxon.

## TO THE NOBLE AND FAYRE

Affemblies, the harmonious concourse of Muses, and their Ioviall entertainer, my right Generous Friend, Master ROBERT DOVER upon Cotswold.

I.

Ou faire affemblies, that renowne
These Mountaines with th' Olimpick sport,
And Sisters sweete, that make this downe
Parnassus like, by your refort,
Since Shepheards of each neighbour'd Towne,
Enamour'd of your rare report:
Their honours to this meeting bring,
Yee looke your Swaine, his part should sing.

2 For

2.

For Songs as fweete, as hallowes deepe, Deferves the fport, whose harmlesse ends Are to helpe Nature, life to keepe, And second Love, in joyning friends, That neither breakes the loosers sleepe, Nor winner, home Triumphing sends, Where none, a little gold so spent, Nor Time more pretious, need repent.

3.

Where no vaine Card, nor witching dy,
Doth Gamster strip, of lands, or clothes,
No impious mouth, makes blushing sky,
Reverberate with thundring oathes;
Nor Earth's neate face, doth slubber'd lie
In foule excesse, that nature loathes:
Furies that Masque, in shapes of sport,

And sted of lengthning, cut life short.

4.

But where men meet, not for delight
So much, as for delight to meete,
And where to use their Pastime right,
They make it not so great, as sweete;
Where Love, doth more then gaine invite,
Hands part at last, as first they greete,
And loosers none; where all that's plaid,
With friendship won, may not be weigh'd.

۲.

Where horse not for his price, doth ride, More then his truth (a match as faire) And Grey-hound is, for Coller tride, More then for death of harmlesse Hare:

F 3

And

f 4I

And kennells pack't, that how they cry'd, Not what they kill'd, men may declare; For hunters most heroyick, are they, That seeke the prise, and shun the prey.

6.

Where bountifull horizons give,
Vs shepheards leave, that walke on foote,
As long to see the Leurett live,
As hee that rides with bloodie boote,
Where Cinthias horne, and Floras sive,
Give Viletts breath, and Cowslipps roote,
And Lillies chaste, by chaster treades,
Of Damsells, more persume their Beds.

7

Brave DOVER, from whose Ioviall hand, Their yearely Life, these revells take In mid'st whereof, doth shining stand Thy Castle built, for solace sake, Which is so well, with vertue man'd, That vice, dare no approaches make:

Still may thy ports, all good retaine, And Ordnance batter all that's vaine.

8.

The Sun, the day will then delay, Still more to view, thy Troupes fo fweete, The Earth will lay with carpets gay, Her bosome, for their gentle feete, Aprill, and May, strive which of they, Most freshly shall thee yeerely meete: And learned Nymphs, by Stower sing, As by the Pegasean Spring.

g. For

9.

For of all honours to thy sport
Tis not the least that thou did'st chuse,
To surnish thy renowned Fort,
With straines of every gentle Muse,
For by the power of their report,
New ages still, doe old peruse,
Forbidding Time, or Hate, to kill,
Deeds honest, sav'd by honest quill.

10.

Enough of this, the flendrest Oate,
That Mirth hath to your Mountaine brought,
But Muses just, from Shepheards throate,
Except no more then they have taught.
But now if Art will lend a noate,
where shee, has borrowed many a thought,
To Pipe, or Lyre, or Violl strung,
Which others reade; let mee bee sung.

——— dulcia funtque Rarius eveniunt solatia ——

William Basse.

# TO THE YOVTH OF COTSWOLD,

On Mr. Robert Dover, his annual meetings.

Ome all you lively Swaines,
Come all that haunt the plaines
Of Cotfwold, let us bring
Some timely offering:
First Dovers Statue fix,
Then Maides, and young-men mix,

And

And whil'st you daunce a round,
Let Eccho's shrill resound,
With lowd shouts, This is Hee
Renues our Iollitie.
Then let a Virgin led,
With two Lads, crowne his head:
And when the wreath is sitt,
All once more, circle it.
And sollemnlie protest:
To keepe his yearely Feast.

By Captaine Iohn Menese.

## TO THE NOBLE DISPOSED LADIES.

and Gentlewomen, affembled in Whitfon-weeke, upon Cotfwold at the Revells there revived and continued, by Heroicke DOVER.

Ad I the Pearles of Inde, or gold of Ophir,
My duty to your beauties, now should offer
Gems, worthy the acceptance; or if I
Were able to expresse sufficiently
My will, to doe you service, I would strive
In raptures, to transcend comparative:
And beyond all degrees Superlative;
Make your best glories, the last age survive.
But since the most of my best meanes affords,
Not wealth to correspond my will, nor words
Powerfull enough, your glories to rechaunt,
Vouchsafe mee leave, to wish you, what I want.

May

May every object of each feverall fence. To each particular, you yeeld excellence, And let each thing, what's ever feene, or felt, Or howfoever tafted, heard, or fmelt: Crowne all your pastime, with that full delight, Which may exceede, the wifh of Apetite. Let those ill motives, which crosse pastime, scorne, And pride, be wholy at that time forborne: And let each one, strive to excell each other, In love and curtifie; and the one with th' other. Ioyne heart and hand, with mutuall consent, To fymbolize, each others merriment. Then if there may be found, an heaven on earth. (As nothing can come neerer then trye mirth. To heavenly joyes) let it be heere; o! never Let mirth decay; but bee beginning ever. The Author fo, and Actors of this Mirth.

Shall make *Elizium* visible on *Earth*.

IOHN TRYSSELL.

# TO THE DARLING OF THE

Muses, and Genius of Cotswold, his honored brother Mr. Robert Dover.

Ne boaft's his love, this man t'expresse his skill, Makes thee the subject, of his learned quill: (Deere Dover) whilest he swears t'advance thy praise, Who had'ft alone the Art, and power to raife fad Niobe, no more a frozen stone, But dauncing to thy Mirth, is frolicke growne.

G

Tis

Tis fo, and now the fwarthy Shepheard fings, Of loves, and fairy Knights; charmes the foft strings Of fweete Alcaus Lute; the Country Lasse, Curles her smooth tresse, then lookes her in the glasse If all be right; can tell unto a haire, How farre the line will take, and whom, and where: If Thenot be not he; Collen, she knowes Kindles into a slame, when she but blowes. Thine was this Magick DOVER; Time will say, Thou wert the Amphion, wonder of this day; That thus, could'st civilize, the untun'd Swaine; And of rude cords, compose so sweet a straine. Cotswold, that barren was; and rough before: Is Tempe now become, Cotswold no more.

WILLIAM COLE.

# A New-yeares-guift.

## TO MY NOBLE FRIEND, MASTER

Robert Dover, upon his Olimpicke sports on Cotswold Hills.

Feare my Muse (Brave Dover) shent will bee,
So slenderly, for daring sing of thee.
To sing of thee, who is it will not aske,
Do'st not require, another Homers taske?
I never saw thy Castle, nor thy Hounds,
Nor any part of those Olimpicke grounds,
Thy Horse-hoose graceth on thy Hunting day:
Wherewith more grac'd, then with spangled May.

But

But when I fee thy yearely favour (Yellow) Worne in thy Hunts-mans-cap (the only fellow) I then doe muse, why any Muse should bee, Else way imployd, fave to fing of thee. And vow their best, for ever more to keepe, Dover from death, and Dovers fame from fleepe. Such good decorum, in thy mirth to bee. In fuch a concourfe, fuch a companie: Such honest mirth, and company so faire, No oath's, nor cursses, to infect the Aire; No fightings, quarrels (as I heare report) Makes it more lawfull; Thee admir'd for't. Could I bring up my Muse, unto my will, The earth's vast ground, I'de with thy praises fill. I'de teach each Nation, in his propper name: To talke of *Dover*, and his hunting *Game*. I'de make the Sarazen, and Prester-Iohn, The ancient Saxon, and the Spanish Don Discourse of thee; and when my lines, they view, Earnestly cry; O that we Dover Knew.

But fost (dull *Muse*) shent thou wilt bee indeed, The subject's losty, thou had'st best take heed. End then and say, if that thou had'st thy drist, *Dover* should haue, a better *New-yeares-gift*.

Feryman Rutter.

# TO MY KIND COSEN, AND NOBLE

Friend, M<sup>r.</sup> Robert Dover, on his fports upon Cotfwold.

The *Pythean* games, made to *Apolloes* praife, The *Lydeans* vf'd in the elder dayes, Whose zeale unto that deitie was showne, In Active sports, till then, were never knowne.

G 2

The

The Grecians next (a Nation of great Fame) To fout Alcydes make the Olimpick game. Which Games each Lustrum, they with great expence Perform'd with state, and trve Magnificence. Mycene, and Argos, and prow'd Sparta hight, From thence, each Spritfull Lord, and Active Knight Went up Olimpus Mountaine Top, to try Who in their Games could win the Victory. Wrastling, Running, Leaping, were games of Prize, Coursing with Charriots, a prime exercise. Contention there, with Poetts and Musitions, Great emulation 'mongst the Rethoritions; And crown'd with garland, from the Olive tree Hee was, in those games, wan the victory. And to these games, came Nations farre and nighe, From Phrigia, Caria, and from Thessalie, From Licia, Styria, and from Dacia, From Missia, Syria, and from Thracia; But when those games, the Grecians left, they flie, To ease, to Lust, from Lust, to Luxury. Then stept the Souldier in, with Conquering Blade, And in a moment, of *Greece*, Conquest made: Then lay the Argives honour in the dust, When none but Phillips fonne, Greece governe must, Then Brutus Grand-sire, Pious Eneas, hee Reviv'd those games in firtile Sycilie, Amongst his wearied Trojans, then on shore, To shew the duty, hee Anchises bore. Cloanthus in Boate-rowing, wan the Prife, Eurialus through Nisus subtilties Gaines the reward in running: and anon, The Prize in shooting, wins Eurition.:

Eutellus

Eutellus, hee at Castus had the best, In mighty strength surpassing all the rest. Such were the old Worlds sports; now transferr'd over Into our *Cotfwold*, by thee, Worthy *DOVER*. The Pythian, Grecian, and the Trojan playes, Are hardly match to those, that Thou doest raise: Thy fports are meerely harmelesse, such they bee, Augment the bond of Love, and Vnitie, And likewise are, more warre-like then the old: Instance thy Roaring Cannons on the wold, Which from thy Castle, rattle to the skies, As if *Ioves* Thunder, they did equallize. Thy Horse-race, Grey-hound-course, hunting, with the rest, Are gentile Sports, approved by the best; And last; Thy favours which thou giv'st away, Five hundred Gallants weare a Twelve-monthes Day. For which thy Fame, and thy deferved Praife, Is chaunted in each Shepheards Roundelayes: There's not a Bird that warbleth in the spring, But chirps thy glory in his Carolling. Nymphes, Fawnes and Satyres, Thesfaly have fled, And pleasant Tempe have abandoned; Keeping their Revells now on Cotfwold downes, In thy great honour, dauncing Maskes, and Rownes: Which tunes the filvan Querifters doe fing, By Pan instructed for their Revelling: Since Nimphes and Fayres strive to grace thy playes, I cannot but applaud them in my Layes, And wish to thee all Peace, Ioy, free Content For these thy Sports, and harmelesse Merriment.

Iohn Stratford.

TO

G 3

#### TO THE ETERNIZD FAME OF

Cotfwold Hills, honoured with those Olimpick Assemblies of my worthy Father-in-law, Mr. ROBERT DOVER.

Know (Renowned Hills) your Tumors strive To tell the world, That DOVER is alive; (Whose name, shall prosper to Eternitie:) And how your Swaines, will leave Posteritie Sphære-tuned Sonnets; which his pastime call, The Authour, of their merry Festivall. I know y' are Fam'd, for Prospect, wealth, delight, (Yet DOVERS meetings, graceth most your fight;) You hereby doe possesse the honour'd names Of fweet Arcadia, and th' Olimpick Games, And though your stor'd Tempean fields with pleasure Flow; bringing out of your hidden Treasure Neptunes choice darling Thames, and Protean Isis; These honors gain'd by him, of greater price is: And this augments your glory, that your flocks You'le deigne to fold, yeelding your brefts and locks Prostrate to th' hoosses of his Aire-trampling Naggs, When they approach (fummond by's yellow flaggs) Who is't not fayes, hearing his pack of Hounds, (Whose shrill-mouth'd musick, ecchoing resounds) Apollo or Diana's hunting there? Or fome great power, shot from as high a Spheare: But why strive I to amplifie your pride With these Applauds, when't cannot be deny'd,

But

But yee are made the Theater of *Iove* On which the Muses act a Scene of Love: Fresh Aprills hunting, and Iunes Roundelaves Contend (in *Dovers* name) to make your praise Out-swell the Alpes, or high Pyrenean Hills. And more; two dayes, fore-feeing Fate, distills In Kalenders; as Tribute to his name, The Authour of your Glory, Cotfwold Fame. And Time growne old, hereafter poaring on His day-noates, in his Enchiridion, Finding perhapps fome Letters of thy Game Deleete, with Diamond shall re-write the same: And for no place beneath *Ioves* Throne, is fit T' insculp't; when any Saint-like soule shall flit From hence, to heaven, Let her reflect her Eyne With the Transparant heavenly Christaline, And there, out of the reach of humane hands. She shall discoveer how Heroe stands.

Thomas Sanford.

## A DIALOGVE BETWEENE TIME

And Fame, on Mr. Dovers anniversarie sports on Cotswold.

#### TIME, FAME.

Time. Hat trumpets shrill found, fills mine eares?

Fame. Tis Fames, (games,
That brings thee joyful news (old Time) of
And princely sports, sprang up; transcending farre
The Grecian, Roman, and the emulous Car-

thagian

thagian Heroes prowd shewes, when they most Swolne with their wealth and leafure, would acoft Vulgar applause. On Cotswold hills there meets A greater troope of Gallants, then Romes streets Ere faw in *Pompeys* triumphs: Beauties too More then Dianaes Beavie of Nimphes could shew, On their great hunting daies: There in the morne, When bright Aurora peepes, a Bugle horne The fummons gives, streight thousands fill the plaines On stately coursers; whose rich plumes and maines Excell th' admired Bucephalls there; these Enuying each others pompe; striving to please Themselues and masters, champe their scorned Lores, Trample the groaning earth, paying their fcores Of Provender in lofty curvetts: These In their fwift course, beclowd the azure skies With fmoake from fierie nostrills blowne; and flakes Of fire circle their sparkling eyes: Earth-quakes Their Iron-hoofes begett; wherewith they rend Old Vestas verdant Roabe. The earth they send In Atomes to the heaven: there the lowd cry Of hounds through liquid Aire, doe pierce the skie. And charmes the lightning gods; and grey-hounds there Swifter then lightning, course the flying Hare. This done; a Virgin-crew of matchlesse choyce, Nimbly fet forth, attended with a noyfe Of musique sweet; excelling that of Sphears; Whose well-kept Diapazon, ravish'd theirs Of all that's fensitive. These Nimphes advance Themselves, with such a comely grace to daunce; Each with her Gallant pair'd, that all who fee Their cunning motion, and Agillitie,

Are

Are strucke with admiration; thus they spend Their sportfull time, till th' envious Sun giv's end To it, and day.

Time. This newes revives my blood,
Shakes off my Iron-coate; this brings the good
And golden one, my infancie first wore:
Nere was this Famous Isle honour'd before,
With such brave games, since that brave Heroe dy'd
The world's chiefe worthy; and stout Brittons pryd,
Arthur, with his rotund of Knights. What's hee
That instituts these Kingly sports and glee?

Fame. It is a noble foule, joviall, and free As th' aire, hospitable, and wittie.

Well mounted comes he there, attended on By thousands of the flower of Albion.

Grave as a Persian Sophie, his aspect Circled with beames of Reverence, drawes respect From each spectator. Noble DOVER hight, Well knowne to all.

Time. Sure he's a worthy Wight!
What is each victors prize?
Fame. No fmall reward:
A Castle, Dover Castle, whose true guard
Speakes in the voyce of angrie Iove; to soes
Thunder, and lightning: but to friends, it shoes
All courteous entertainement.

Time. A guerdion fure
Worthy the brave Dover. DOVER shall dure
For ever; For this a Monument Ile build
To him of Parian Marble, wrought by well skil'd
And rare Artificers; embos'd, and chas'd,
'T shall be with occidentall gold; quicke hast

Shall

H

Shall fetch me Rubies from the Orient Rocks, Saphires, all gemms, which Memnons mother locks In her rich cheft; t'adorne this Peice: great Iove! It shall surpasse thy statue plac'd above, Improv'd Olimpus; the worlds third wonder: And heere last (maugre thy clapps of thunder) While I shall live.

Fame. And I will found his praife,
Through the Earth's Center, to th' antipodes,
Both Poles shall ring therewith; and th' axle cracke
To beare its weight: so Dovers worth shall lacke
No helpe of Fame; 'tis sitting such as hee
Should still be crown'd with Immortalitie.

Robert Griffin.

# TO MY WORTHY FREIND, Mr.

Dover, on his sports upon Cotswold Hills.

Ho's this reneweth the old World? and brings

Tempe to Cotfwold? Drawes the sports of Kings

From farre Olimpus hither? Makes the Games

Of Hide-parke common: as their Citie Dames?

Drawne in their Hackney-coaches: Heere none paie

(As there) to see the follies of the day;

(Nay of the night) committed; And that fport Bought dearer by a fecond: Our refort Vpon these plaines is better: like the spring, Each in his native habite; where the Ring Of Country Gentiles, and the neighbourhood Practise their sports (their Emblems) free and good: Sports harmelesse, where the Hound, and nimble horse, Orerunes the quickest eye (no masters purse.)

Sports

Sports lawfull as their Authour (not within The Statute) warre-like sports, where the lowd dinn Of Cannons, drowne the common Peoples cries, And with their breath and smoke, thicken the skies. Aske you the Authours name? Dover is hee To whom Fame sounds an Epiphonemy.

Iohn Cole.

## TO THE NOBLE, AND HIS MVCH

Reverenced God-father Mr. Robert Dover, this Encomiastick upon his anniversarie meetings on Cotswald Hills.

TEre I a Stranger, and had onely past Along the now fam'd Cotfwold hills, in haft, And View'd your annual sports, perhapps my Pen By my constrained hast had, silenc'd been; But fince I often in these pastimes shar'd, (With which the best that Greece ere saw compar'd, Are but meere toys;) my tender infant Muse, (Tis duty makes her speake, shee cannot chuse) Weake though shee bee, will strive to lispe a verse, To fpread thy praise abroad the universe. Had that brave Hunts-man, beene so highly blest, (Whom chast Diana blusht into a beast) As that your deep-mouth'd pack had rang his knell, Or that his owne had done but halfe fo well; H'ad nere made halfe that mone, and in his feares, Looke backe, in hope to rate them with his teares. Tis hard to fay, whether feare had made him flie, Or joy, to heare this killing melodie.

H 2

Had

Had Cephalus his Lelaps, which once chac't That beaft, which Venus fent, for to lay wast The famous Thebes; had hee beene halfe fo fleete, As are those Grey-hounds, which with feather'd feete, Fly ore your pleasant downes, it had not beene: That after ages, ever should have seene Them turn'd to marble: no, this speed of his Prevented had a Metamorphofis: For then had furely feaz'd the Beast upon; Ere *Iove* could thinke, or turne them into stone. Had former times, seene with what nimble pace Your Coursers poasted, ore th' undinted face O' th earth; their breath they never would have spent In praying Alexanders hackney; nor have fent An Embassy, to begge at Pernassus, An Epitaph, for founder'd Pegasus: No, they had learn'd more wit, and kept their praise For these unequal'd Prauncers of our dayes. Had niggard Tarquin, bought those precious Bookes Sybilla fent him by a Hagg (whose lookes Perchance did spoile her markets) wee had read What shee of harmelesse Mirth's Restorer sed; Which is your noble felfe: whose famous deeds By learned Poets pens, and well tund reeds Of more Ingenious Shepheards shall be sung, In spite of Envies rotten teeth, as long As *Phæbus* is Heavens Curl'd-pate Chariter, And Twinckling Will, the Northern Waggoner.

Robert Durham.

TO

#### TO HER MODEST MIRTH-MAKING

Friend Mr. Robert Dover, this pastorall Pipe, by the name of a Syrinx, dedicates her selfe, with

her annexed Annagrams.

Immeriti Authoris opus.

Τής εκκλησίας άγίου ουανοθεν φυλακος.

Dos et Robur versu. Rubor et dos versu. Robertus Doverus.

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Sing, Sing, Sing, Numen, Lumen, Numen,
                                                                          20
Pretty Lady Nimphs, and all yee young-men;
* Mirths deitie: for a laught at his birth, and he will smile at his ending: 18
Ballanced rejecteth. But his merry, merry heart doth inherit
Lowdly ecchoed praises: nor timerously his just merrit,
                                                                        16
For he little valueth the pompious Turk-like Sopheys
                                                                     15
This subsiderial rundle: him I deck with Trophies,
                                                                   14
                                                                           Sirinx sine sistula pastoricia Constans,
Ex centum et nonaginta Sillabis.
Which whirryeth his Fame in circuit all over
                                                                13
Whose nimble motion is like the first mover,
                                                             12
Heroick, spritefull, mirth-making Dover,
                                                           11
Above the rest, my best dearest lover,
                                                        10
* (Richest favours) friendly befriending.
                                                       9
Showring downe, lovely sweet kisses,
With more then humane bliffes,
                                               6
To whom my rayes give light,
Doe deck, every wight,
                                             5
Above the skie.
Modesty,
                                       3
                                          Verus Rubor dotes.
Lady
                                         Robertus Doverus.
I
                          H 3
                                                             TO
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# TO HIS WORTHY FRIEND, Mr. ROBERT

Dover, on his famous yeerely affemblies, upon Cotfwold.

O write thy praises, how shall I begin (O Noble Dover) who hast brought us in, Pastimes, of which, though we have often read, Yet nere before, did see them practised. Fame makes report, of the Olimpicke games, The Isthmian, and the Pithean likewise names: Of Roman Theaters, wherein have beene All forts of sports, and exercises seene: What they can boast of, thou hast made thy owne, By imitating of the good alone. For some of theirs, were full of barbarous strife: They tooke away, but thou preservest life. Societie, the bliffe of human kinde, By thee's maintain'd, and exercif'd the minde; And fuch thy pastimes are (the more thy praise,) As may deserve the Mirtle, and the Bayes. For though fome of thy sports, most man-like bee, Yet are they link'd with peace, and modestie. Here all in th' one, and selfe-same spheare do move, Nor strive so much to win by force, as love. So well the rudest, and most Rusticke Swaines, Are managed, by thy industrious paines. The ablest wits, shall glory to thee raise, And both thy order, and invention praise. Ladyes, delighted with thy pleasing straines, Shall laud thee, as they folace on the plaines.

And

And greatest Lords, they shall admire to see
Old Cotswold cloth'd, with such varietie.
For when thy severall pastimes, shall be view'd,
Who will not thinke, the golden age renew'd.
The Country lasses, in the mid'st of mirth,
Shall thinke of thee, that gave their pleasures birth:
Shepeards, thy praise shall sing, in well-tun'd verse;
And even the rvrall Swaines, thy same rehearse.
Lords, Ladies, Shepheards, Country people all,
Shall speake in praise of DOVERS sestivall.
And when thou'rt dead, all sorts of men shall strive,
(Although not thee) to keepe thy same alive. Iohn Monson.

# TO THE HEROICK FOVNDER, AND

maintainer of Dover Castle.

Number on the race (brave DOVER) till thou gaine, The prize from Royston, and New-market plaine, And call from the farr North, the Brigants bold, To doe their Homage, to thy Castle hold. With Hound and Horse: shoot from thy fierie Fort, That Brackley may strike Sayle, at thy report. Bannsteed, and Sarum, all their glory yeeld To thy Olimpicke sports, and give the field To more fam'd Cotfwold: where like Perfeus brave (The sonne of *love*) who with his horse soote, gave A fountaine to the Muses; thou mayst strike The hills with prowd hoofes, and cause the like; Whose devine liquor, may new Poets raise In high strain'd numbers, to record thy praise. But yet thou need'st no Poets to rehearse Thy praises, or to Impe with borrowed verse.

Thy

Thy full-plum'd glory, neither need'st thou put
Thy name in Brasse, nor yet in sculpture cut
Thy comly vizage, for whil'st *Dover-Peere*,
Her horned Clifts, into the Clowds doth reare,
Thy name shall flourish, though there stands a Fort,
That threatens Warr, and thine inviteth sport:
Yet both shall samous bee, to severall ends,
That, to repell foes, thine, to wellcome friends.

Walton Poole.

# TO HIS WORTHY FRIEND, Mr. ROBERT

Dover concerning his Dover Caftle, and Cotswold Olimpicke.

Ngenious *Dover*; did ambition draw Thy minde, out of the limmits of thy law, To make a Mountaine, but a monument For fhort Corps? or was it thy intent, That those old hils, should be made young by thee? And with thy name, strive for eternitie? Or (tell me) could not ought, thy humor please, But the great stile, of Cotswold Hercules Founder of our Olimpicks? Shall I blame Thy building Castles in the Ayre of Fame, Which will as long stand out, as shall those Hills, Against times envie, or time-pleasers wills? O no, thy Castle shall exceede as farre, Th' other *Dovers*, as fweet peace, doth warre: Be of more vse, then Sea-markes, or that hand Which in crosse-waies, points to the right by land. And those two days of thine, (perhaps) will stir Some Saints to wrath, thrust out of Callender.

Thou

Thou mai'st lie still, but for some Months, those gon Thou'lt have thy yeerely Resurrection.

And when all other dead men, take a Roome Below, and sleepe, thou'lt live above thy Tombe.

ROBERTYS DOVERVS.

Anagramma.

RVRSVS VT BEOR DEO.

Tot pecudes cernens, fegetes tot pascua montis, monticula hæc dixit, Iam beor ipse deo, DOVERI aspexit ludos, & Olimpica clara, dixit, et ecce deo rursus vt ipse beor.

Richardus Wells.

#### TO MY LOVING FRIEND Mr. ROBERT DOVER.

SIR,

That he which did intend to travell farre,
And more then his own native Country fee:
Falls by the way, into fome cafuall Iarre,
So stayes his Voyage, doth not crosse the Seaes,
But soone returnes, where he may quiet bee,
With his domesticks, and there take his ease.
This is my case, though those great witts agree,
That sing in honour of thy Cotswold Hills,
And write such losty straines of Poetry,
As daunts my Pen, to mixe among their quills,
Vntill it gaines a better faculty.
For loth I am that my ill-tuterd lines
Should by their bad reslects disparage thee.
And thou too much indulgent to my rimes,

Might

Might let them passe, and willingly ore-see That which the world would taxe, Therefore I stay My first designe, and to thy curtesse, Make it my suite to gaine a longer day, Vntill my Muse gets more abilitie:

Then when her wings be Imp'd, and fit to slie, With those thy Noble friends, Ile come to thee, And crave my Name may be advanc'd so hie, As to be honor'd with their Companie:

Till then (Brave Dover) doe me so much grace, To spare for me within thy booke a place.

Your Reall Friend
WILLIAM FORTHE

# TO Mr. ROBERT DOVER, VPON HIS Annuall fports at Cotfwold.

Eare you bad owners, of inclosed grounds,
That have your soules as narrow as your bounds;
When you have rob'd the earth of her increase,
Stor'd up that fading treasure, and spoke peace
Vnto your wretched thoughts; the barren sield
Of Cotswold, and those emulous hills shall yeeld
A crop of Honour, unto Dovers Name,
Richer then all your stacks, or barnes containe.
Shepheards rejoyce, tis hee shall make you free,
And every yeere proclaime a Iubilee:
He shall invite there, many a lustie Swaine,
To strive in hope of glory, and of gaine:
Pan for his sake, shall often passe that way,
And make your Mountaines, his Arcadia.

No

No venom'd rott, shall cause your sheepe to die. But all your flocks and folds shall multiplie. For every Ewe, shall beare two Lambes a piece, And every Ramme shall weare a filver fleece: The best of all their wooll, the destinies Shall chuse to spin out *Dovers* happy dayes. No more let *Ida* now prefume at all, To boast of *Ioves* thest, or the golden ball, Nor of the Graces, dauncing on the plaine, For heere are fairer objects to detaine The gazers eye: Thousands upon this greene, Shall each like *Venus*, and *Adonis* feeme; And yet not one of all that numerous presse Shall feare his death, or hee, her wantonnesse. They shall be busied with a better game, And spend their strength in a more vertuous slame: Heere some with wraftling, shall prove mastery. Others in hunting try their Chivalrie, With running, Leaping, throwing of the barre: And then the Nimphes, each like a moving starre, Shall dance for prife, all with their active sport Make it like *Mars* his, or like *Cinthia's* court. Apollo there, shall plant his youthfull tree, And compasse Garlands for their victory. The ground, fo foone as with their feete tis prest, Shall with a faire imbroidery be dreft, And trees shall feele an influence from their heate, And every Thorne, or Bush, shall Balsam sweate: The Ayre shall raise up Eccho from her den, Who viewing thee, with as much zeale as when Shee lov'd Narcissus, shall run poast to Fame. And borrow her shrill Trumpet to Proclaime

I 2

Thy

Thy prayle, whose repercussive sounds, shall strike Those playnes enamor'd on thy worth: then like Lines from the center drawne, shall slie from hence, And fill this Kingdomes whole circumfrence.

Shack: Marmyon.

# TO MY KINDE FRIEND, MASTER

Robert Dover, upon his Cot/wold meetings.

Should much wrong my breeding, should I not In fuch a generall reckning pay my shot, And fend in fomthing too of mine to raife The *Piramis*, intended to thy praife, Thrice happy Swaine, and well-belov'd, whose worth, So many Poets have labour'd to fet forth: Whose noble undertakings to report, Each Athens, and the feverall Inns of Court Have muster'd up their strength's; in whom doe meete Men of all Faiths; and fomtimes in one sheete, Men of all factions too: fave that I feare. Thou wilt not find a Zealous Brother there, Though as the spirit moves, his muse can runne All kind of feete; even Satans cloven one: For know that hee, full of proud thoughts, disdaines Such heathenish pastimes, The heroick Games By thee restor'd; And hates both them and thee: Because you savour of Antiquitie: Nor can his tender Conscience, but be grieved, To fee the old Gods, and Godesses revived In thy disports; And things there done in fact; Which Poets did but fayne, and Players act.

But

But others praise thee for it, such as know Both men and manners, the time past and now: They fay, that thou wert borne againe to raife, The golden-age, in these our Iron-dayes. That thou hast made thy Cotswold as in hight, So equall to Olimpus in delight. That neither th' Isthman, nor Nemean games, More manly were nor of fo faire a fame. That on thy Hills more Gallant spirits meete, To course the *Hare*; and exercise the seete, Of Horse and Hound: then in the dayes of yore, Greece drew together, to affault the Boare. That on thy Downes, and at th' appointed day, The neighbouring Nimphes their beauties doe display: So glorious and attractive, as would make Most of the Gods, turne Shepheards for their sake: That thou affemblest on that famous Plaine, So many a comely Lad, and beautious Swaine: That love-sicke Gulthia, once a yeere doth come, To feeke amongst them, her Endymion. That when the Sheapherds, on their Gitterns plai's And thereto warble out their Roundelaies: The numerous flocks, that on those Mountaines breede; To heere their Musique, doe forget to feede. That when the Lads, and Lasses, hand in hand, Daunce their high Measures, those of Fayrie-land, At their next meeting finde, the place more greene, Then the knowne Circles of the Elfin-Queene. This they relate, and more, and this I must, As men doe newes and Wonders, take on trust, Expecting time to fee that brave refort: Which now I onely guesse at by report.

I 2

Onely

Only Ile ad, what I am fure no man
Is able to disprove, or if he can
Will goe about it: Thou art he in whom
All the brave Robins, meet to make vp one,
Round-Robin, that's thy making, and I trow,
For mirth, thou mai'st be Robin-good-sellow.
Next Robin Red-brest, for observe thy note:
And never Robin had a sweeter throate.
And as for Robin-Hoode; thou'rt ipse hee:
Save that more out-lawes, have bin made by thee.
But Ile no longer on thy prayses dwell:
Least I be thought to flatter thee; farewell.

R. N.

#### A CONGRATVLATORY POEM TO

My Poeticall and Learned Noble Friends, Compilers of this BOOKE.

Cannot tell what Plannet rul'd, when I
First undertooke this Mirth, this jollitie;
Nor can I give account to you at all,
How this conceit into my braine did fall,
Or how I durst assemble, call together
Such multitudes of people as come hither.
Whilst Greece frequented active Sports and Playes,
From other men they bore away the prayse;
Their Common-Wealths did flourish; and their Men
Vnmatch'd were for worth and honour then:
But when they once those pastimes did forsake,
And unto drinking did themselues betake,

So

So base they grew, that at this present day They are not men, but moving lumps of Clay. I've heard our fine refined Clergie teach Of the Commandment, it is a breach To play at any Game, for gayne or coyne; T'is theft they fay, mens goods you doe purloyne. For Beasts, or Birds, in combat for to fight, O t'is not lawfull, but a cruell fight; One filly beaft another to purfue, 'Gainst nature is, and fearefull to the view: And man with man, their activenesse to try, Forbidden is, much harme doth come thereby. Mix'd dancing is a wicked horrid fin, And by the same much naughtinesse hath bin; That I admire to fee fuch learning showne, That to our Churches Elders were not knowne. Had we their faith, to credit what they fay, We must believe all Sports are tane away; Whereby I fee, in flead of active things, What harme the fame unto our Nation brings; The Pipe and Pot, are made the onely prife Which all our fprightfull youth doe exercise: The Meanes and Time, which they therein bestow, Is bravely spent, and makes a gallant show. And be it so; What is it unto me? For to repine thereat, were vanitie, Or goe about to alter Natures course So well appropriately and of fuch high force; Yet I was bold, for better recreation, T' invent these sports, to countercheck that fashion And bleffe the troope that come our sports to see, With hearty thankes, and friendly courtesie.

I

I never thought that any one of you, In written poems would the fame allow. Nor did I think, the same could ere have wonne, The generall approbation it hath done; And much it joyes mee, you of fuch great Fame, Have undertaken thus to praise the same; Whereby I am much incourag'd, who else might Forbeare the same, and give them over quite: I were ungrate, and might be thought unkind, Not to give Thanks, where fo much Love I find. Though some of you more sweetly have exprest Your felues each way, and fo excell'd the rest, Yet dare I not returne a greater praise, Nor thanke you more for those your wittie Layes: I must esteeme your love a-like in this, Make you as one, or else I doe amisse: For I beleeve, the weakest line you write, Either it doth, or should your Love recite. Let those that bee of Melanchollie forme. And pensive spirits, fret themselues, and storme; Let fnarling Envie barke, pine, and grow mad: Let Carping Momus, powting bee, and fad: And let Content and Mirth all those attend, That doe all harmelesse honest sports defend.

ROBERT DOVER.

A PANE-



# A PANEGERICK TO

To the worthy Mr. ROBERT DOVER.

Aving these Panegeries now read over,
To thy perpetuall fame, sweet Master Dover:
What Enthusiasme? what rapture shall I raise,
To give to thee thy merrit, and due praise?
If any in this quaint and curious age,
Who (allmost) from the Cradle to the Stage,
All fancies bring in rumor; shall of thine
Make the least question? know tis his; not mine.

But when *Ben*: *Iohnfon*, and brave *Draytons* name Shall be Inscrib'd; I dare proclaime the same To be a worke ennobled: For who dare With them (and these here intermixt) compare.

Now to the thing it felfe: To give account
Who cannot of two-top't Pernassus mount?
Of Pindus Hill, of Teneriss so high,
Ossa and Pelion? that so brave the sky,
That had the Gyants but in order laide
The one upon another? They had made
Such an high skale towards heaven, to make Iove cease
His claime to Earth, and with man mediate peace.

Olimpus mount, that (even to this day) fills
The world with fame, shall to thy Cotfwold-Hills
Give place and honour; Hercules was first
Who these brave games begun: thou better nurst.

K

Doft

Doft in our Anniverse most nobly strive
To doe in one yeare, what Hee did in five.
Go on; go on brave DOVER, my Muse too
Shall walke with thee; great Hercules out-do.
There is an equall ballance in your fames,
He made the Olimpick, thou the Cotswold-games.
And who can say is best? not I, nor hee.
Of him we have onely heard, but we knowe thee.
Thee (noble Dover) Then go on; bee still
The man thou art? and maintaine Cotswold Hill
So when thy glasse is runne; and sand is past:
Thy name and Fame, shall Hercules out-last.

Thomas Herr

FINIS.



# APPENDIX.

In a second copy of the "Annalia Dubrensia" in the King's Library (British Museum) the following additional poem follows Thomas Heywood's. It commences on the same page as the close of his, the word 'Finis' being cancelled and transferred to the end of the new poem.

# In celebration of the yearely Preferver of the Games at COTSWALD.

Hare me you men of strife! you that have bin, Long time maintain'd by the dull Peoples sin, At Lyons, Furnifold's and Clement's Inne!

With huge, o're-comming Mutton, Target-Cheefe, Beefe, that the queasie stomack'd Guard would please, And limber Groats, full half a Score for Fees.

Heare you Gown'd Lackeys that on both fides plead: Whose hollow Teeth, are stuff'd with others Bread; Whose Tongues will live (sure) when your selves are dead.

Here you Alcaldos, whose sterne faces looke, Worse than your Pris'ners that's deny'd his Booke; Than Pilat painted like a scalded Cooke.

Lift

Lift all that toyle for pow'r to doe Men wrong, With penfive Eare, to my prophetick Song! Whose Magick sayes, your Triumphs hold not long.

The time is come, you on your felves shall sit; Whilst Children finde (if they endevour it) Your learning, Chronicle; Clinches, your Wit.

Ere you a Yeare are dead, your Sonnes shall watch, And rore all Night with Ale, in house of Thatch; And spend 'till Swords are worne in Belts of Match.

Whilst Dover\* (that his knowledge not Imploy's T' increase his Neighbors Quarrels, but their Joyes; Shall in his age; get Money, Girles, and Boyes!

Mony, at Cotswald Games shall yearely fly; Whilst the Precise, and Envious shall stand by, And see his Min'rall Fountaine never dry.

His Girles, shall dowr'-lesse wed with Heires of birth; His Boyes, plough London Widowes up like earth: Whilst Cotswald Bards caroll their Nuptiall Mirth!

Dover (the Gentry's Darling) know this flame, Is but a willing tribute to thy Fame, Sung by a Poet that conceals his name.

\* He was bred an Attorney, who never try'd but two Causes, always made up the Difference.

FINIS.

## NOTES AND ILLUSTRATIONS.

Title-page.—On the names of this title-page see the Introduction. The commas after "Gent," twice, answer to the original.

- Page 3, l. 2, "incitements" = incentives, or motives; ib., "promting"—sic=
  prompting; l. 8, "Encomions"=encomium, from the Greek
  (εγκωμων), and scarcely naturalized at the date; l. 17, "unpropperly" = improperly—as with the last word; l. 18, "of
  this our Age, have," &c.—misprinted "of this our Age.
  Have," &c.; l. 20, "Cotfwald"—sic: on the spelling of the
  name see Introduction.
  - ,, 4, 1. 3, "decored"=decorated, adorned. Every one remembers how this word occurs and re-occurs in The Bride of Lammermoor.
  - ,, 6, l. 2, "brave"=grand, showy.
- 7, 1. 1, "to"= too, so also p. 35, l. 10; l. 2, "Lords of Mifrule"—a festive Christmas entertainment, abundantly illustrated in our early poets and in easily-accessible works: 1. 7. "Check-rowle" = a roll of the names of the servants in a great house; 1. 8, "whirlings" = dances; 1. 9, "Palme" = palm play or tennis: French jeu-de-paulme; ib., "Rush-bearing"=(1) Merry-making, (2) anniversary of the dedication-day of a church; ib., "Whitfonales" = ales drunk at Whitsunday; l. 10, "Quintain": an old pastime wherein a board, &c., was set up to be tilted at; 1. 12, "Standings": query-Church disciplinary punishment of "standing" in a penitential white sheet, &c. ? ib., "Lectures": an ordinance of the Puritans earlier and Evangelicals later, whereby the Gospel was preached in lifeless parishes, without infringement of the law or intrusion; ib., "Excercises": catechetical and kindred examinations; l. 15, "Hocktide": an annual festival that begins on the 15th day after Easter; 1. 24. "pitch"=a hawking term.
  - ,, 8, 1. 23, "ryvel'd"=wrinkled; 1. 24, "glymiring"=glimmering; ib.,
    "dun"—misprinted (as the rhyme of "Sun" shews) "dum";
    1. 29, "verdant"—misprinted "vernant"; 1. 30, "where"—
    misprinted "were."
  - ,, 9, l. 4, "fallow"—misprinted "follow"; l. 12, "Rubriche-line"=red (ochre) line; l. 13, "prayes"=praise; l. 14, "pale Pyrene"= the Pyrenaei Montes, i.e., Pyrenees. Some derive the name from Pyrene, a daughter of the king of the Bebryces, and so in

the text (apparently), though perhaps "pale" is=snowy. 1. 23, "candid": A singular use of the word, with apparently a dim reminiscence of its etymology in "cant," and so=tossing as well as 'bleaching' winds. 1. 29, "cause"=because; 1. 32, "drilling": Now means "boring": drill is a small stream or rill, the latter from rille a channel. Richardson, s.v., gives this illustration: "There was no water on this island, but at one place on the east side, close by the sea; there it drills slowly down from the rocks, where it may be received in vessels." (Dampier Voyages, an. 1684.) Dr. Johnson quotes from Thomson:

"Drilled through the sandy stratum every way
The waters with the sandy stratum rise."

Todd quotes Sir T. Herbert, &c. &c. (From my edition of Henry Vaughan's Works in Fuller Worthies' Library, I. p. 41.)

Page 10, l. 15, "Avoan" = Avon; l. 19, "their" = there; l. 20, "Encomions": See note on page 3, line 8; l. 28, "Galliards" = a lively dance.

- ", 11, l. 6, "regiment" = government, or rule; l. 10, "fweeten with a Glove"
  —of old gloves were richly perfumed; l. 11, "Nyctimene" =
  the owl. The daughter of Epopeus or of Nycteus. Pursued
  and defiled by her amorous father, she fled to a forest, where
  she was metamorphosed by Athena into an owl. (Ovid Met.,
  ii, 590; Virgil, Georg. i, 403.) l. 21, "feld" = seldom; l. 30,
  "Courtaines" = curtains.
- ",, 12, l. 19, "Rebated"=blunted; ib., "Barriers"=paling in a tournament or fighting within lists; l. 20, "warriers"—period (.) left out in original, and so second limb of the parenthesis in l. 27.
- ,, 13, l. 6, "Fane"—misprinted "Fame"; l. 13, "Smallage"=water parsley; l. 21, "Shepheards"—misprinted "Shpheards."
- onward: cf. page 24, line 13; l. 12, "copes-mates" = companions; l. 13, "coates" perhaps a misprint for "coasts" as meaning swift passing onward; l. 18, "meffage" = send a message of [conquest]?
- ,, 15, l. 3, "broached"=pierced; l. 19, "hayrie cottages"=skin-covered, untanned; l. 21, "Homers Embleme"=representative, i.e., an old blind beggar and harper.
- ,, 16, l. 9, "Iri/h"—a game resembling back-gammon. So Taylor the Water-Poet:
  - "The taylor, millainer, dogs, drabs, and dice, Trey-trip, or passage, or the most at thrice; At Irish, tick-tacke, doublets, draughts or chesse, He slings his money free with carelessensses."

1. 11, "Cent"— a game at cards, which is generally thought to have resembled picquet: so called because 100 made up the game; 1. 28, "Spaines Escuriall"—one of the most renowned of the royal residences of Spain—once a world's wonder.

- Page 17, heading, "Paiilia"—a festival celebrated at Rome, annually, on the 21st of April, in honour of Pales, the tutelary divinity of shepherds. The 21st of April was the traditionary date of Romulus's founding of Rome, and accordingly the festival was kept as the dies natalitius of Rome. On this Poem see our Introduction for notice of the text as compared with Randolph's own in his Poems. 1. 11, "roome"—misprinted "roame."; 1. 23, "man of wood"—roughly put together figure of a "man"—often a 'post' merely.
  - ,, 18, l. 3 (from bottom), "Barley-breake": A game which gives title to W. N.'s poem that is reproduced simultaneously with this in our Occasional Issues.
  - to the famous "Guego de caña" on which Mr. W. C. Hazlitt annotates thus in his Randolph (p. 623): "This amusement is mentioned as one of the entertainments which were prepared at the Court of Pentapolis in honour of the marriage of Apollonius, Prince of Tyre (Patterne of Painfull Aduentures, undated edit., Sig. E 2, verso), 'I may not discourse at large of the liberall challenges made and proclaimed at the tilt, barriers, running at the ring, ioco di can, managing sierce horses, running a foote, and daunsing in armour.'" l. 16, "Prison base" = prison-bars a rural game often alluded to in our early writers, e.g., Cymbeline (v. 3):

"Lads more like to run

The country base, than to commit such slaughter."

1. 19, "Baloone." Ben Jonson in Fox (ii. 2) thus refers to this game:

"While others haue been at the balloon
I haue been at my books."

Consult Wright's Prov. Dict., s.v.

, 20, l. 2, "jet" = strut; l. 14, "Spinsters" = spinners. A good example of the word as applied to unmarried females, who of old were supposed to be all diligent "Spinners." This reminds us of a story of an eccentric old Scottish clergyman, who having been somewhat disappointed with the response given by the ladies of his congregation to an appeal for home-spun cloth toward a benevolent object, addressed his fair auditory thus: "The Leddies [ladies] now-a-days put me in mind of the lilies"—pausing at this point, and with a roguish twinkle of his eyes, planning their chagrin, by adding, slowly—"they toil not

neither do they spin." In Elizabethan English "spinster" did not necessarily imply that the woman was unmarried. Hercules and Omphale will at once occur to the reader as the original of such references; but the Arcadia (13, i.) best explains the term: "And this effeminate love of a woman doth so womanize a man, that if he yield to it, it will not only make him an Amazon, but a launder, a distaff, a spinner, or whatsoever vile occupation their idle heads can imagine, and their weak hands perform." Cf. my edition of Marvell in Fuller Worthies' Library, vol. i, p. 335. l. 30, "Sin"—the period (.) dropped in original.

- Page 21, l. 8, "groan'd"—misprinted grooned; l. 12, "woon'd"= wound; l. 19, "rill." Cf. note on p. 9, l. 32, on "drilling."
  - 3, heading. See Introduction on these Lines. 1. 5, "to dropp Vies."
    It is plain a word has been inadvertently left out in this line:
    Vies = wagers, as in card-games.
  - 24, l. 5, "a cry" = pack of hounds. So in Midsummer Night's Dream, iv, 1, "a cry more tuneable was never holloa'd to": and so elsewhere. l. 7, "untract" = un-tracked, roadless or pathless;
     l. 8, "period" = end; l. 13, "Swallow-footed." See before, and note on p. 14, l. 9; l. 17, "per/ude" = pursued.
  - is at press, tidings reach of progress and expected success of a "dry-shod" passage accross the Channel between Dover and Calais, i.e., by the tunnel. The Annalia has lived to keep Dover's memory green thus long at any rate.
  - ,, 26, l. 20, "fain'd": qu.—faned? i.e., be Dover's "fane" or monument. More probably a misprint for "fam'd" or made famous by his "happie name."
  - ,, 27, l. 10, "blaze" = blazon; l. 12, "vie" = wager; l. 14, "Pelius" = Peleus.
  - ,, 28, l. 2, "snarled" = tangled; ib., "skaine" = skein; l. 15, "ymp" imp or add; l. 18, "round" = dance; l. 27, "fond" = foolish.
  - ,, 29, l. 10, "watt" = hare. So Michael Drayton:

"The man whose vacant mind prepares him for the sport
The finder sendeth out, to seek the nimble wat,
Which crosseth in each field, each furlong, every flat,
Till he this pretty beast upon the form hath found."

Poly. Song xxiii.

"I adventure to piece a scarlet roabe with my coarse stammell": Suddaine Turne of Fortune's Wheel; 1. 16, "ammell" = enamel. So Phineas Fletcher:

"Heav'ns richest diamonds set in amel white."

(P. I. x. 33.)

1. 28, "publique" - misprinted "publique."

- Page 30, l. 11, "period" = end. Cf. note on p. 24, l. 8; l. 14, "queintly" = quaintly; l. 15, "pēchance" = perchance; l. 24, "gone beyond" obliterated in the Grenville exemplar and supplied from another copy in the King's Library (B.M.)
  - ,, 31, 1. 16, "refort" = resort to; 1. 22, "gheftly" = fitted for so great a "guest"?
  - ,, 32, l. 14, "Pug fang By-Babie." See Introduction on this and context:

    By-Babie = hush baby.
  - ,, 33, l. 10, "Boffe" = knob.
  - ,, 34, l. 7, "Neman" = Nemean; in ll. 11-12 are odd mis-spellings of proper names.
  - ,, 35, 1. 10, "to" = too; 1. 18, "blas'd" = blazoned.
  - ,, 36, l. 3, "Manes" = ghost, shade.
  - ,, 37, l. 3 (from bottom), "Barathrum" = abyss; l. 2 (from bottom, "exenterate": qu. exheridate or disinherit?
  - ,, 38, l. 21, "vivall" = vital, living.
  - ,, 39, 1. 6, "skies" misprinted "kies"; 1. 6 (from bottom), "ravell....

    skaines" = entangle skeins or 'hanks.'
  - ,, 40, 1 7, "fraines" misprinted "ftaines."
  - ,, 41, l. I, "hallowes" = hollows, vales.
  - ,, 42, l. 8, "Leurett" = leveret or young hare; l. 10, "five" = sieve or basket; l. 20, "ports" = gates; l. 28, "Stower"—small river so named.
  - ,, 43, l. 3, "Eccho's" = Echoes not apostrophe but to mark elision of "e"; l. 15, "revived" misprinted "revised."
  - ,, 46, l. 20, "/hent" = blamed.
  - ,, 47, l. 3, "cap" misprinted "e"; l. 18, "Sarasen" = Saracen; ib.,
    "Prester-Iohn" the mythical ecclesiastical-ruler located in
    Abyssinia.
  - ,, 48, l. 23, "Argives" misprinted "Argins"; l. 25, "Pious" misprinted "Pires."
  - ,, 49, l. 15, "gentile" = genteel, gentle; l. 28, "Fayres" = fairies.
  - ,, 50, l. 5, "Tumors" = swellings, but qu. misprint? l. 21, "hooffes" misprinted "hoffes."
  - ", 52, l. 7, "Beavie" = bevy; l. 13, "Lores" = training; l. 26, "a noyse" = concert of sweet sounds, as in a "noise of musicians." This was its earlier and later sense, i.e., of a set or company of musicians, e.g., Sneak's noise (Shakespeare) or Rupert's noise, meant Sneak's or Rupert's set of players or band. Similarly, George Herbert, in 106, The Familie, l. 1:
    - "What doth this noise of thoughts within my heart As if they had a part?"

and again, 144, Aaron, 1. 8:

"a noise of passions ringing me for dead."

(Herbert's Poems, Aldine edn. by me.)

- Page 53, l. 11, "rotund" = Round Table; l. 17, "Sophie" = wise man.
  - ,, 54, l. 20, "Hide-parke" = Hyde Park then a 'common,' open to all;
    l. 27, "Gentiles" = gentles, well-born. So Allan Ramsay in
    The Gentle Shepherd, i.e., well-born, not soft or amiable.
  - ,, 55, l. 7, "Epiphonemy" = epiphonema or exclamation; l. 24, "blufht"
     misprinted "bluft."
  - ,, 56, last line, "Twincklin Will" = Will-0'-Wisp?
  - 57, l. 3, "Syriax": An Arcadian nymph who, flying from Pan, was turned into a reed, which was afterwards made into a pipe by the pursuer. l. 5, "Immeriti"—misprinted "Imerti"; l. 6—very inaccurately printed in the original; but again no need to record the mistakes.
  - .. 50, l. 5, "Brigants" = brigands; l. 11, "Perfeus" misprinted 'Persines,"
  - ,, 60, l. 6, "Corps" = body; l. 17, "Sea-markes" = light-houses or beacons.
  - " 61, ll. 8-11. Very inaccurately printed in the original not needful to reproduce the errors.
  - ,, 62, l. 3, "taxe" = condemn satirically; l. 7, "Imp'd" = strengthened.
  - ,, 63, 1. 10, "of" misprinted "if."
  - ,, 64, l. 12, "Piramis"—transition-form for long of "Pyramid"; l. 2 (from bottom), "defports" = sports elongated.
  - " 66, l. 14, R. N. Newburgh is written here, probably by Dover.
  - " 67, L 3 (from bottom), "Sports"—misprinted "spotts."
  - " 69, l. 3, "Panegeries" = transition-form of "panegyric."
  - ,, 78, 1. 2, "Anniverse" = anniversary or annual return of the sports.
  - ., 71, l. 14, "limber"= pliant, yielding used metaphorically.
  - ,, 72, l. 7. "Clinches" = repartees or bon-mots.

A. B. G.

## XVI. ROBERT DOVER: ANNALIA DUBRENSIA.

- Page 7, l. 10, 'Rush-bearing'—this custom is still kept up in Grasmere.
  - ,, II, l. 10, 'Glove,' qu. misprint for 'Clove'?: but 'gloves' were then perfumed; l. 5 (from bottom), 'Lambeswool' = spiced ale so called.
  - ,, 13, l. 9, for 'them' read 'then.'
  - ,, 26, 1, 20, for 'faind'- query 'fam'd.'
  - ,, 37, l. 2 (from bottom), 'exenterate' = disembowel, ransack.
  - ,, 43, l. 12, 'except' qu. 'expect'?; l. 17, 'funtque' read 'funt que' (i.e., quæ).
  - ,, 49, l. t, 'Eutellus'—read 'Entellus' (Virgil. Aen. 5); l. 7 (from bottom), 'Rownes'= rounds, dances.
  - ,, 52, l. 13 'Lores'= Latin 'lora'= bridles; corrects note.
  - ,, 53, l. 17, 'Sophie' (not = wise man but) = title of the Shah of Persia.
  - ,, 54, l. 17. qu. read . . . " Makes the Games

## Of Hide-parke, common as their Citie Dames

Drawne in their Hackney-coaches."

- ,, 56, last line, 'Twinckling Will the Northern Waggoner'—is this a known name for the constellation alluded to? evidently a name for Charles Wain.
- ,, 59, l. 3 (of Poole's poem), and note. Brigants = Brigantes, the ancient inhabitants of Yorkshire.
- ,, 64, 1. 8, 'Each Athens' (R. N. S's. poem) this illustrious title of the Universities noticeable in the 17th century.
- " 65, l. 19, 'Gulthia'- qu. misprint for 'Cinthia'?
- ,, 66, 1. 5, 'Round Robin' early use.
- ,, 77, notes for p. 43, l. 3, read p. 44, l. 2, and for l. 15, read l. 14.

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